

# The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 47. NO. 35

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1914

PRICE THREE CENTS

## YOUNG FARMER BOY

Stay on the Farm and be Your Own Boss

### THE SOURCE OF PROSPERITY

There is one thing we should like to urge very strongly in this issue, Mr. Farmer Boy, and that is that you stay on the farm, where you can be your own boss, instead of going off to the city to be somebody's clerk or hired man—that is, unless you have some specially marked and definite talent for some particular work.

It is true, of course, that the farmer does not now get all he ought to get—nor all he is going to get—but it is also true that the workingman in the country fares better than the workingman in town. Read all you can, study all you can, and prepare yourself to be a good farmer a genuinely wide awake, progressive farmer—and you will, nine chances to ten, fare better than if you should go to town.

As we see it, the farmer's day is coming. The thought of the world is turned as never before to building up the country. The Government itself, which was once interested in protecting manufacturers, developing manufactures, and building up the towns, is beginning to see that source of all prosperity is the farm. But the one best sign is, that the farmers themselves are getting aroused and are studying their privileges and rights.

Another thing which insures better times for the Southern farmer is this: For a hundred years, until very recently, we have had to compete with cheap land farmers in the West. That is to say, any farmer could go out West and stake out a "homestead" and sell his crops without allowance for land values because his land cost him nothing, or practically nothing. But all that is past. The cheap lands of the West have gone, and now when the Western farmer sells his crops, he must add \$5 to \$10 per acre as an allowance for rent or for interest on land values. And because of this fact crops simply can't be sold as cheaply as formerly.

Then, too, city populations have increased faster than country populations the whole world over, and it is becoming more and more difficult for the city people to get enough meats and foodstuffs. There are several million more people in the United States than there were five years ago, while there are several million fewer meat animals. This is an indication that farm products must go higher, especially live stock.

One of the greatest of the world students of rural problems declared recently that in the future labor on the farm is going to be better paid than labor in the towns, and we believe he is right. Boys stick to the farm.

## PORT PENN WINS GAME

Port Penn resumed her winning stride by lifting one from the pick of the "Baracca Y. M. A. and George and John", base ball clubs, playing under the name of the Y. M. A. Athletic club.

The game proved to be one of the most exciting played at Port Penn this season. The Y. M. A. scored two in the first on an error, batter hit by pitcher and a scratch hit. Port Penn tied the score in the third on three singles, and a double, scoring two more in the 7th on 3 singles holding the lead until the finish.

The following is the score:

PORT PENN				
	H.	R.	O.	A. E.
Dyer, 2d.....	1	0	0	0
White, c.....	2	0	0	0
Rimes, 1b.....	0	0	0	0
B. Yearley, ss.....	1	0	4	3
W. Yearley, lf.....	0	0	0	0
Scop, 3d.....	1	0	1	0
Carpenter, rf.....	0	0	1	0
Johnson, p.....	2	0	1	4
Kumpel, cf.....	2	1	0	0
Hickman,.....	2			
Totals.....	10	4	26	8

Y. M. A.

	H.	R.	A.	O.	E.
Wilhelm, 1b.....	1	0	13	0	
Lorenz, c.....	1	0	8	0	
McDevitt, lf.....	0	0	1	1	
G. Proud, ss.....	0	0	3	1	
Feir, 2b.....	0	0	1	1	
Reynolds, rf.....	0	0	0	0	
P. Proud, 3d.....	0	0	3	0	
Bratton, p.....	0	0	4	0	
Taylor, cf.....	1	0	0	0	
Totals.....	4	0	32	24	

## Sitting Cross-Legged

The next time you ride in a street car notice the number of people who sit cross-legged. It has been estimated that four-fifths of them do. A prominent London physician has investigated the habit and his advice is, "don't sit cross-legged." He states that the prime objection to the habit is that the return flow of blood is stopped at the knee, the result being that the veins in the leg swell up. As all of the weight is thrown to one side of the body the under leg is likely to go to sleep. The body should be equally balanced. Much crossing of the legs is also dangerous in that it is likely to cause lacerations. The limbs should be allowed to rest easily, so that the flow of blood is natural and the body balanced. The American Boy.

## SEPTEMBER JURY DRAWN

New Castle County Jury Commissioners F. J. Williams and S. D. Townsend have drawn the petit jurors to serve at the September term of the Court of General Sessions, Superior Court and the Court of Oyer and Terminer.

The jury to serve at the Court of General Sessions and Superior Court follows:

First Representative district—Charles A. Cook, Charles J. Cannon, Charles F. Robinson, Francis W. Heisler.

Second Representative district—William H. Smalley, Harry E. Bertram, Thomas Holt, Charles P. Colton.

Third Representative district—William T. Budd, Charles M. Banks, Isaac S. Baird, J. Smith Brennan.

Fourth Representative District—Hiram Yerger, Thomas M. Monaghan, Frank A. McCoy, Clinton H. Jensen.

Fifth Representative District—John W. Anderson, William H. Babcock, William J. Robinson, Harry C. Taze-well.

Sixth Representative District—Charles B. Palmer, Warden R. Humphrey.

Seventh Representative District—William M. Dilworth, Francis H. Lat-tomus.

Eighth Representative District—Richard Fisher, Edwin Pierson.

Ninth Representative District—Frank P. Alcorn, Edward L. Richards.

Tenth Representative District—Edwin J. White, William W. Leach.

Eleventh Representative District—Henry Russell, Harry K. Armstrong.

Twelfth Representative District—Thomas E. Sadler, David W. Colpitts.

Thirteenth Representative District—John B. Vandgrift, Lee Pennington.

Fourteenth Representative District—Theodore Ferguson, D. W. A. Lynam.

Fifteenth Representative District—George W. Gardner, Abram Staats.

The jury drawn for the Court of Oyer and Terminer, is as follows:

First Representative District—Abner Buker, Isaac S. Bullock.

Second Representative District—Charles William K. Bradford, Thomas J. Hall.

Third Representative District—Alexander P. Byrne, C. Colbert Gerow.

Fourth Representative District—George W. Denney, Thomas Dale.

Fifth Representative District—John S. Murphlin, Alfred C. Pogue.

Sixth Representative District—George Powick, John T. Talley.

Seventh Representative District—Robert H. Elliott, Harvey P. Lynam.

Eighth Representative District—William P. Guest, Jacob H. Polk.

Ninth Representative District—John T. Johnston, Roger R. Lovett.

Tenth Representative District—Charles E. Lancaster, Jr.

Eleventh Representative District—Levi Cooch.

Twelfth Representative District—Price Stanley.

Thirteenth Representative District—Joseph A. Snydam.

Fourteenth Representative District—George W. Daniels.

Fifteenth Representative District—Gilbert R. Lynch.

## Youth Shot Uncle

ELKTON, Md., Aug. 31.—During a fight at Elk Mills, two miles north of this city, late Saturday night, Joseph Boulden, a young man of 17 years, received injuries at the hands of his nephew Evans Boulden, resulting in his death. It is alleged that had blood has existed between the uncle and nephew for some time, and during a fight between Joseph Boulden and a man named Goff the nephew hurled a beer bottle at his uncle, striking him a stunning blow in the left temple, breaking the bottle and rendering him unconscious. Dr. C. P. Carrico, of Cherry Hill gave medical attention, but at noon yesterday the injured man died without regaining consciousness.

State's Attorney Harry L. Constable and Coroner William P. Dean, of Elkton, after an investigation ordered that the boy be placed under arrest.

The dead man was a son of Harry Boulden, formerly of Elkton, and the accused is a son of David Boulden, a farmer residing near Chids.

## PORT PENN

Mrs. Frank Johnson is critically ill at this writing.

The canning factories are in operation now, and a fair season is predicted.

Miss E. D. Yearley, of Delaware City, is spending a week at her home here.

Mrs. D. S. Bender, of New Castle, is the guest of her sister Mrs. H. M. Faunce.

On Sunday Mrs. A. Eaton was visited by her grandson Harry Eaton and wife, of Felton.

E. S. Zachie and wife, entertained part of last week Elmer Egee and wife, of Philadelphia.

Miss Mildred Kamiske, of Camden, N. J., is spending a couple of weeks with Mrs. C. N. McMunn.

A. J. Wellington and wife have returned to their home in Philadelphia, after spending their vacation with Joseph B. Yearley and family.

THE TRANSCRIPT, Sept. 5, 1914.

## FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

### THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Mrs. Mark Cleaver, of Wilmington, was a visitor here this week.

Miss Viola Weber spent this week with relatives at Woodside.

Miss Mary Maloney has been the guest of relatives at Newport.

Miss Elizabeth Wilson, of Smyrna, has been visiting relatives near here.

Miss Georgie Lenoff has returned from a few days visit at Yorklyn.

Mrs. Ella H. Pennington, of Philadelphia, visited relatives here this week.

Miss Agnes Crowley has been entertaining Miss Lillian Montgomery, of New Castle.

Mrs. Howard A. Pool and children have returned from a weeks stay at Rehoboth.

Miss Nancy Pratt and Miss Dorothy Stewart, of New Castle, are visiting Miss Maud Deakne.

Miss Louise Echenhofer was a recent visitor with her sister Mrs. H. A. Dempsey, at Newport.

Miss Marie Parish, of Wilmington, is spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Segelken.

Irving Brockson, of Delaware College is spending a few days at his home here before returning to school.

Dr. and Mrs. Warren Combs have returned after a visit with relatives at Ellendale and Georgetown.

Mr. Ephraim P. Jolls, of Wilmington spent the past week with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Jolls.

Mrs. James T. Shallcross and daughter Miss Helen and Miss Esther are spending a month at Ocean Grove.

Rev. and Mrs. P. L. Donaghy and children spent several days this week with Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Bradford in "Middle Neck."

Mr. and Mrs. Norman P. Crouch and Mr. George Smith, of Wilmington, who have been the guests of relatives here have returned home.

## ODESSA

Mrs. Minnie Slack, and Miss Catherine Gibbs, of Philadelphia, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Thornton.

Miss Catherine Whitlock is entertaining her cousin Miss Rachel Whitlock, of Greenville, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bolton, of Galena were visitors on Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. McCoy.

Miss Margaret McCoy was a Wilmington visitor part of this week.

Mrs. Willard Spicer and cousin Miss Knapp, of the Levels, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Stevens Tuesday this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Whitlock has as their guests this week her parents Mr. and Mrs. Snyder, of Philadelphia.

Mrs. G. F. Mathers, of Langborn, Pa., is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Dr. and Mrs. W. V. Woods this week.

Mr. Andrew Miller, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with his aunt Mrs. J. Muehlberger and family.

Mrs. Benjamin Sacks was a Wilmington visitor part of this week.

Preaching services in Drawers Presbyterian Church next Sabbath, September 6th, both morning and night. A cordial welcome extended to all.

A young colored boy named John Morris was drowned by falling overboard, near the Creamery Wharf Odessa, at noon on Monday. The child had brought dinner to some of the Cannery employees and while waiting had gone to the wharf to play. A number of men, women and children saw the accident but not in time to save the boy. The body was recovered at 3 o'clock that afternoon. He was the son of Evelyn Morris Watson.

Prof. in GOOD PEACHES

Exception is taken to the old saying that the day of peach-growing on the peninsula is past, notwithstanding the many seasons when the frosts have wrought havoc, and the further fact that some have gone so far as to add artificial heating to combat the frost. With all these disadvantages the persistent growers have been able to make a puny success of peach culture, and last season when frost killed practically all peach buds not artificially protected, some picked and shipped peaches by the car load, receiving prices that justified the expense and labor of their arduous undertaking. These are the few who still believe that there is a big future for peach culture on the peninsula under intelligent and industrious methods, and their splendid crops prove their view is correctly based. Some orchards near Milford, Del., are another striking object lesson. Spraying and artificial heating for several seasons and good, profitable crops have resulted. The day of peach culture at a profit is by no means past in this locality, and there awaits splendid revenues for intelligent and industrious orchardists who are willing to give peach culture the attention that is necessary in the successful production of any other crop.

## DATES OF COUNTY FAIRS

Washington, Pa., Sept. 1 to 4, A. J. Hinrichs.

Troy, Pa., Sept. 1 to 4, W. F. Palmer.

Appollo, Pa., Sept. 2 to 5, C. J. Dixie.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 7 to 12, Henry Brous.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 7 to 11, R. M. Wilson.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 7 to 11, George Hook.

Port Royal, Pa., Sept. 7 to 11, J. N. Groninger.

Stoneboro, Pa., Sept. 8 to 11, G. H. Fowler.

Winchester, Va., Sept. 8 to 11, Daniel Lupton.

Athens, Pa., Sept. 14 to 19, Charles E. Mills.

Mercer, Pa., Sept. 15 to 17, Robert E. Hanover.

Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 15 to 19, F. W. Delancy.

Mansfield, Pa., Sept. 15 to 18, F. H. Marvin.

West Chester, Pa., Sept. 15 to 18, Fred O. Reid.

Tunkhamnock, Pa., Sept. 15 to 18, O. D. Stark.

Perkasie, Pa., Sept. 16 to 19, I. Y. Baringer.

Gatz, Pa., Sept. 15 to 18, G. R. Klinger.

Beaver, Pa., Sept. 16 to 19, M. J. Patterson.

Carlisle, Pa., Sept. 22 to 25, W. H. McCrea.

Allentown, Pa., Sept. 22 to 25, H. B. Schall.

Clarion, Pa., Sept. 22 to 25, B. H. Frampton.

Oxford, Pa., Sept. 23 to 25, T. F. Grier.

Milton, Pa., Sept. 23, 30, October 1, 2, Joseph H. Johnson.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1, 2, 3, M. R. Margerum.

Lancaster, Pa., Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1, 2, J. F. Souldmridge.

York, Pa., Oct. 5 to 6, H. C. Hackett.

Bloomsburg, Pa., October 6 to 9, A. N. Yost.

Mount Holly, N. J., October 6 to 9, Benjamin P. Willis.

Hughesville, Pa., October 13 to 16, Edward T. Frontz.

Hagerstown, Md., October 13 to 17, J. C. F. Stephens.

Lancaster, O., October 14 to 17, W. T. McClenaghan.

Frederick, Md., October 20 to 23, O. C. Warshime.

## LOCAL NEWS

Trepass Cards for sale at this office.

The best steak, roasts, lamb and veal at W. C. JONES.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale. J. C. GREEN.

WANTED—BALED HAY AND STRAW. S. B. FOARD.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale. J. C. GREEN.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist. Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

After June first, the Library hours will be—Tuesdays, 7 to 8.30 P. M.; Fridays, 7 to 8.30 P. M.; Saturdays, 3 to 5 P. M.

WE HAVE STORED 5-8 TRUCK AND PEACH BASKETS FOR SALE in any QUANTITY. Phones 5, 41 and 48.

JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

Now is the time to have that summer suit cleaned and pressed. The high class work only; also Panama and felt hats cleaned.

ROBERT B. JONES.

FRESH AND SALT FISH at my store at all times. W. C. JONES.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash prices paid for horse and cow hides. W. C. JONES.

## Forest Church Notes

The regular services of the Church will be resumed next Sunday, September 6th.

Rev. Joel S. Gilliland, D. D., of Newark, will preach at the morning and evening services.

The Pastor, Rev. F. H. Moore will return from his vacation Friday, September 11th, and conduct the Preparatory Service that evening.

The Lord's Supper will be administered Sunday morning, September 13th; and preaching service will be held at Armstrong Chapel in the afternoon at 2.30.

The Christian Endeavor Society have held their regular Sunday evening services during the entire summer.

## Odessa Defeats Silverbrook

On last Saturday afternoon, in one of the fastest games seen at Corbit Park this season, Odessa defeated the crack Silverbrook team 5 to 3.

Both teams played fast ball in the field, but three errors being made in the entire game, two of which belonged to Silverbrook.

Ward again distinguished himself by allowing the visitors but four hits, and fanning eleven of their batsmen. Ward was ably assisted by his heady little backstop Br.

## AMERICAN EXPRESS

The Cause of Heavy Losses Has Laid Off Many Employees

### THEY HAVE LOST 85 PER CENT

Because of heavy losses through the competition of the parcel post, an alleged insufficient margin of profit on account of the schedules placed in effect last winter by the Interstate Commerce Commission and the falling off in business due to the war, the American Express Company and other express companies have laid off employees in New York and other cities. The effect of the war has not as yet been determined, but even before hostilities began the express companies were not in a strong position to face further loss of business. During the ten months of the fiscal year ended last April, the 11 largest American companies, two of which operate in Canada as well as in the United States, had an aggregate net income from operations amounting to only \$628,437, whereas during the ten months of the preceding fiscal year their net income aggregated \$4,231,465. The loss, more than 85 per cent, was included in percentage during April, when it ran to more than 80 per cent. How much of the loss is due to slackness of business not connected with parcel post rates or orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, it has been impossible to estimate accurately, but it is assumed that at least \$2,000,000 of the loss is due to parcel post competition. In view of this situation, the express companies have been forced to the greatest economy, and there were revived reports of further consolidation, in order to reduce expenses.

## SUGGESTIONS TO TEACHERS

The following bulletin has been issued by the superintendent of the State Board of Education:

Dover, Del., August 20, 1914.—To school teachers and school principals:

In the hope that all your preparations for the auspicious opening of school are complete, I add a few suggestions from the Division of Superintendence.

Each teacher and school-room in the state is to be supplied with the following publications:

1. "The New Country School." A gift from the Youth's Companion. Suggestion. Use this for reading and reference by the pupils. Have it read aloud in school, at parent's meetings, etc. Make your school "A New Country School."

2. A Study of Attendance of Delaware School Children. Suggestion. County superintendents and teachers will study this pamphlet in teachers' meetings. Parts of it should be read and discussed in school, at public meetings, etc. Arouse your community to a sense of moral responsibility for good attendance.

3. Approved Text-book List. Suggestion. Keep this for use in ordering books. Leave it for your successor.

4. A New School Register. Suggestion. Every teacher in this state is to keep this year's school record in a new register. Make all entries carefully, and fill all the blanks in the annual summary faithfully. Leave the register in the school for the next teacher's help and guidance.

5. Copies of "Our Delaware," words and music. A copy for every child that reads print.

Suggestion. Have the children learn words and music by heart, to sing on all public occasions. Preserve the copies from year to year.

These publications are sent to principals of town schools in quantity; each teacher in the school is to receive an outfit. Each teacher of a rural school will receive set by mail.

Hoping that these suggestions will help teachers to realize their wishes for "better schools," I sincerely wish for every teacher that best possession, namely thorough and daily enjoyment of his work, and remain,

Faithfully yours,  
Charles A. Wagner,  
Commissioner of Education.

## St. Anne's Church Notes

September 6th. The Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Service: Holy Communion and Service on at 10.30 A. M.

Sunday School session at 11.45 A. M., in Parish House. The Teachers and most of the scholars have returned from their summer's outing, and we wish to bring the School up to its normal attendance. So, parents kindly see that the children are sent to Sunday School.

Evening Service, Evening Prayer and Address at 7.30 P. M.

Also, Service on Wednesday evening, beginning September 9th, at 7.30 P. M.

WANTED.—High class man to sell trees, shrubs, roses, vines, berry bushes, hollys, etc. Good wages—Permanent. Exclusive territory.

BROWN BROTHERS NURSERIES, Rochester, New York.

After September 1st, addressing the following:

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Ais. Vend. Exp., to me directed will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of Paul Bright, being and undivided one-third interest, of, and to all the twenty-eight following described lots, tracts, pieces or parcels of land, situated lying and being in the county of New Castle and State of Delaware, to-wit:

No. 1.—All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land (with a brick dwelling and kitchen, slaughter house and stable thereon), situated in the city of Wilmington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:



## WAS A FIERCE FIGHT AT SEA

First Account of the Battle off  
Helligoland.

### GERMAN LOSSES HEAVY

Official Statement That Of the 1,200 Men Composing the Crews of the Five German Warships That Were Sunk Only 330 Were Saved—British Lost 29 Men Killed and 38 Wounded. Destroyers Challenged German Ships, Which Followed Them To Sea, Where the Cruisers Smashed Them.

London.—An official statement says that of 1,200 men composing the crews of the five German warships sunk at Helligoland only 330 were saved.

Twenty-nine killed and 38 wounded was the price in men paid by the British for the action.

The destroyer Liberty was hit by a shell which shattered her mast and tore away part of her bridge first of all and then smashed her searchlights and killed her commander, Lieutenant Commander Nigel K. W. Hartlelot, and William Butcher, his signal man. Their deaths were instantaneous.

Accounts of the battle say it was perfect in execution as well as in plan. Led at dawn by a fearless small detachment the destroyers crept within the German lines between Helligoland and the German coast.

An aeroplane sighted them and gave the news to the Germans, whose destroyers then came out. The British destroyers lured the Germans to the open sea, where other destroyers were waiting, spread out in fan shape.

### British Shots Hurt.

A small engagement followed and then the German cruisers came out. The British light cruiser Arethusa, after a sighting shot, got her range splendidly and hit the foremost gun of one of the German cruisers, demolishing it. The Arethusa then fired a few broadsides at the enemy. Her practice was excellent. She hit a German cruiser, which at once burst into smoke and flame, but soon afterward a German shot did some damage to the engine-room of the Arethusa.

The destroyers Liberty and Laertes fought a grand fight. A shell brought down the mast of the Liberty. The Laertes was hit amidships, a hole was shot through her funnel, her forward guns were damaged and she received also a shell in the dynamo-room and a shot at which wrecked her cabin.

It was hot work, but at that moment the British light cruisers and battle cruisers appeared. It was the moment for which they had been waiting, and their execution was deadly. The first shot from one of the British battle cruisers sank a German cruiser which had been battering a destroyer. The German fleet then turned and fled in the direction of Cuxhaven, but was pursued by British destroyers, which did terrible execution with their four-inch guns.

### Shot Their Own Men.

An official statement says: "The British destroyers exposed themselves to considerable risk in endeavoring to save as many as possible of the German sailors. British officers present vouch for the fact that German officers were observed firing at their own men in the water with pistols and that several were shot before their eyes."

"Under these peculiar circumstances a destroyer was actually picking up wounded with her boats when she was driven off by the approach of another German cruiser and had to leave two of her boats containing one officer and nine men behind. It was feared that these would be made prisoners, but happily a submarine arrived and brought the British party home."

"As it was not possible to accommodate the 30 Germans in the submarine, they were allowed to return home in the boat in charge of a lieutenant who was not wounded."

"The complements of the five German vessels known to have been sunk aggregated about 1,200 officers and men, all of whom, with the exception of those 30 and three hundred prisoners wounded, perished."

"Beside this, there was the loss which must have been severe aboard the German torpedo boats and other cruisers which did not sink during the action."

"The First Lord of the Admiralty has telegraphed the American Ambassador at Berlin desiring him to inform Admiral Von Tirpitz, the German Minister of Marine, that his son had been saved and had not been wounded."

### WELHELMINA TO AID.

Goes To Rotterdam To See What Can Be Done For Poor.

The Hague, via London.—Queen Wilhelmina left for Rotterdam to consult with the Burgomaster of that city as to measures to be taken for the relief of the unemployed, whose condition in many cases is desperate.

Much good work has been done by private charity, but the money thus raised has been insufficient.

### ALBANIA SUPPORT CUT.

Italy and Austria Reported To Have Cut Loose There.

London.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Rome says:

"An authentic message received here from Durazzo, Albania, states that as both Italy and Austria have withdrawn their support from Albania, the intentions of the Albanians are to remain neutral."

## TURKEY MAKING READY TO TAKE HAND IN WAR

Kaiser's Forces Gain Ground on the West by Their Flanking Movement.

### Germans Claim to Have Given Russians a Staggering Blow.

Rome, via Paris.—A telegram received in Rome from Berlin announces the mobilization of the Turkish Army. Following the advice of Field Marshal Baron von der Goltz, it is stated, the Turkish Government will form an army of the first line composed of 200,000 men, all Mohammedans.

Seventy-two superior German officers, forming the German military mission at Constantinople, have been incorporated in the Turkish Army and will participate in the war.

The presence of the German officers in the army is interpreted to mean that Turkey will fight on the side of Germany.

Great Britain has asked the United States to take care of her diplomatic interests in Turkey in case of a declaration of war on the Allies by the Porte, which is expected.

The Turkish Ambassador, A. Rustem Bey, expressed doubt today that the Turkish Army was mobilizing and about to fight on the side of Germany. He said the Turkish Army was mobilized three weeks ago.

Turkey's entry into the conflict means the immediate alignment of Italy as well as Greece on the side of Great Britain, France, Russia, Serbia, Montenegro and Roumania, diplomats here believe.

Just what the attitude of Bulgaria will be is a matter of uncertainty, though the Turkish Ambassador here gave out a statement speaking of the community of interest of Bulgaria and Turkey.

The Turkish situation is watched with deepest concern by diplomats because of the imminence of a general war in the Balkans and extension of the war drama to all Eastern Europe.

### ALLIES RETIRE.

Paris.—The following official statement was issued by the War Office:

"On our left wing, as a result of the turning movement of the German Army and in order not to accept battle under unfavorable conditions, our troops retired toward the south and southwest. In the region of Rethel our forces have arrested the enemy momentarily. In the centre and on the right the situation remains unchanged."

### 70,000 PRISONERS TAKEN.

Washington, D. C.—A German victory at Allenstein, in which three Russian Army corps were defeated and 70,000 prisoners, including two Russian commanding generals, were taken, was reported to the German Embassy from Berlin by wireless via Sayville, L. I. The dispatch says:

"Official report of the victory at Allenstein shows that it was even greater than known before. Three Russian Army corps were annihilated. Seventy thousand prisoners were taken, including two commanding generals, 300 officers and the complete artillery of the Russian Army."

### AUSTRIA LOSES 20,000.

London.—The Central News publishes a dispatch from Rome saying telegrams received there from Bucharest, Roumania, declared that the Austrian defeat in Galicia was overwhelming. Trains are transporting tens of thousands of wounded; many Austrian regiments have been destroyed. The Russians inflicted a loss of 20,000 on the enemy, who sought to cross the Vistula.

A dispatch which reached the Central News by way of Rome says the Roumanian General Staff considers the battle on the Austro-Russian frontier will be decisive. They believe a defeat of the Austrians will be followed by a general insurrection and that, therefore, whatever may be the sacrifice, the Austrians will not fall back. They are now making a strong effort and are recalling even the troops engaged against France and Serbia.

### JAPAN TO FILL WAR CHEST.

Diet Will Be Asked To appropriate \$33,000,000.

Tokio.—Announcement is made that the government will ask the Diet for an appropriation of 56,000,000 yen (about \$28,000,000) for a war fund and 10,000,000 yen (\$5,000,000) with which to build destroyers.

### BRITISH HOLD ON TO JAM.

Exportation Of Marmalade, Too, Is Prohibited.

Washington, D. C.—War on the Continent and mobilization in England will not be allowed to affect the British breakfast.

Ambassador Page at London reported to the State Department that exportations of jam and marmalade, an essential part of the British breakfast, had been forbidden by English authorities.

### CZAR RENAMES HIS CAPITAL.

Russian "Petrograd" Supplants Teuton "St. Petersburg."

London.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from St. Petersburg says that by Imperial order the city of St. Petersburg, capital of the Russian Empire since 1712, will henceforth be known as Petrograd. This change eliminates the Teuton component of the name of which the city has borne since 1914.

### SUMMARY

Taken at its face value, the French official announcement issued Monday afternoon, which mentions that the progress of the German right wing has forced the Allies to yield further ground, would seem to indicate that the Germans, notwithstanding repulses, are making daily advances toward Paris.

The statement Sunday of Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British troops, however, spoke of fighting on the French left, but this, according to one report, resulted in the German right being slightly turned.

The Austrian invasion of Russia in the Lublin district, which aroused the apprehension of the Allies, has, if Russian dispatches are to be relied upon, been blocked and the Muscovites claim to have turned the Russian defensive into an offensive action. There is no confirmation of the report that the Russians are in Koenigsberg.

If silence means that there is nothing doing, Sir John French's statement that the British had not been molested since Wednesday still holds good. Nothing is known by the public in London of new fighting either in Northern or Eastern France.

From Canada, India, Australia and South Africa the British Army front will soon receive large reinforcements. Some of these troops are reported already to have landed in France.

In England the recruiting fever has not abated. At Liverpool a battalion of 1,000 business men was filled within an hour, and there was such an overflow that it was decided to enroll a second battalion.

The British Government has started negotiations, through the American Consul at Berlin, for an exchange with Germany and Austria of non-combatant prisoners.

### FRENCH VICTORY REPORTED.

London.—An Antwerp dispatch to the Reuters Telegram Company says: "It is reported here that General Pau has won a brilliant victory over 50,000 Germans near Perennes, in the Department of Somme."

The Germans have thrown forward tremendous forces of fresh troops along the 95-mile line extending from Villers, in the Department of the Somme to Montherme, in the Department of Ardennes. Also the Kaiser's forces hammering against the Allies' center have attained alternate successes with the French and British, and on the left of the Allies' line fortune has turned in favor of the invaders, the Anglo-French defenders being compelled to give ground.

On the other hand the right wing of the Allies has taken the offensive vigorously and the enemy is retiring before the determined advance.

An official statement from the War Office says: "The Allies are holding their own. As yet our armies, notwithstanding a few incontestable checks, remain intact."

The Germans are only about 65 miles from Paris, but the Allies still hold Ostend, from which point British reinforcements for the Belgians may still fall on the rear of the Germans. With the Allies holding and the German force isolated from its main supports and increasing the distance from its base with advance, the projecting of these trained fresh British troops into the conflict in the rear of the Germans cannot but have a disconcerting effect.

In addition to this, France has called 600,000 additional reserves to active service, and they will be ready to take their places on the life within a few days.

### RUSSIA REPORTS NEW VICTORIES

London.—The Russian Embassy is in receipt of telegrams from the General Staff at St. Petersburg which announce fresh Russian victories against both Germany and Austria.

These messages declare that Russian troops now occupy the whole of the eastern and southern half of East Prussia.

An official telegram received in London declares that fresh forces of Germans have made their appearance on the Prussian frontier and that at some points they are taking the offensive against the Russians.

Recent reports from Belgium have told of the movement of German troop trains east, indicating that the German General Staff was withdrawing certain forces from their western front to reinforce the German and Austrian Armies in East Prussia and Galicia. Berlin and St. Petersburg reports agree that there has been terrific fighting in those districts for several days.

### Search American Ships.

Honolulu, T. H.—The American liners Manchuria and China, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Oriental fleet, were halted by British warships off Hongkong and forced to surrender 60 German and Austrian reservists bound for the European war from the Philippines.

### Queen Flees From Belgium.

London.—Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, with her children, arrived in England tonight.

### Czar's Cousin a War Nurse.

Paris.—Among the Red Cross nurses at the Eastern Railroad station when wounded soldiers came from Peronne and Guise were Mme. Verola, cousin of the Emperor of Russia; her daughter, Countess Moroyoff, and Princess Chika.

### Servia Plans Invasion.

Rome.—A telegram from Nish received in Rome, Italy, says that Servia has decided to invade Hungary and Austria.

### \$3,000,000 ON THE LINE.

London.—Germany, which had been sending its vast legions plunging through the line of the allied forces on the Franco-Belgian frontier and had been hurling still other armies in a steady flow into East Prussia in response to the offensive movement of the Russian Army of invasion, now appears to have been checked in its aggressive movement and to have been thrown practically on the defensive.

The retirement of the Allies to their second line of defense has been accomplished, according to the latest reports, without a hitch. Both the French and British armies have been reinforced until it is estimated that there are now 3,000,000 men on this line. The allied forces are now ready to assume the offensive.

Indeed this movement has already begun. Dispatches from Paris report that the British, in conjunction with the French, have begun a vigorous assault on the German forces, who have penetrated a short distance on the Somme River in the direction of La Fere, in the Department of Aisne.

### A Check To Germany.

Farther west the French have checked the Germans' advance guard, and at the other extremity on the Meuse the French are offering a vigorous and successful resistance which extends along nearly the whole front.

The apparent turn in the fortunes of war in favor of the Allies was brought about by the overwhelming successes of the Russians in East Prussia, which has forced the Kaiser to withdraw.

### MILLION MEN ENGAGED.

London.—Dispatches from Austrian points state that 1,000,000 men are engaged in the battle on the Austro-Russian frontier. The battle line extends from the Vistula River to the Dniester River, over 100 miles. The Russians have penetrated more than 20 miles into Austrian territory.

The Russians have captured Allenstein and invested Koenigsberg, both important cities in East Prussia.

Scattered encounters in Eastern Galicia have developed into a general battle extending 100 miles from the southern districts of Lublin, in Russian Poland, to a point beyond Lemberg, in Galicia, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail. He adds:

In East Prussia the Germans have been driven further back. Their losses were particularly heavy at Muhlen, 22 miles southwest of Allenstein, and it is only a question of a few days when the Germans will be driven beyond the Vistula.

"Panic now reigns in Danzig, the population of which is fleeing to Berlin. The result of the general battle now being fought is expected to influence largely the whole campaign against Austria. The scant reports thus far received indicate that Russia is on the road to a decisive victory."

The German railways in East Prussia have been relaid on the Russian gauge, and there is through communication between St. Petersburg and Interburg, in East Prussia, a short distance northwest of Gumbinnen.

"The Russians," the correspondent adds, "need waste no lives in their attempt to capture Koenigsberg, as it is easily isolated, and Russia, who finds that she has mobilized more men than are required immediately, can continue her advance."

"A thousand Austrian prisoners have reached Kiev, and about 800 Germans have been brought to Moscow."

### SAYS ENGLAND'S IN DANGER.

London.—Field Marshal Lord Roberts, addressing a meeting for the purpose of securing recruits for the army, declared that the country was in great danger. There was no use in mincing words, he said; defeat would mean ruin, shame and slavery.

"Our soldiers are fighting bravely," said Lord Roberts, "but they are lamentably few, and it is the duty of every able-bodied man to see that the army is maintained at its full strength. The women must not stand in the light of their sons' and husbands' duty."

### BOMBS FROM AIRSHIP DROPPED UPON PARIS.

London.—A Paris dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says:

"A German aviator flew over Paris Sunday afternoon and dropped five bombs, which fell in the most populous quarters of the city. In one case two women were wounded."

"One bomb fell in front of the shop of a baker and wine merchant at Rue Albouy and Rue des Vinaigriers; two on Quai de Valmy, one of which did not explode, while the other struck the walls of the Night Refuge, behind St. Martin's Hospital. Two others dropped in the Rue des Recollets and Rue Marcin, neither of which exploded. "The aviator, who signed himself Lieutenant von Heidsen, dropped manifestos, on which was written: "The German Army is at the gates of Paris; you can do nothing but surrender."

### AUSTRIA DECLARES WAR ON BELGIUM.

Vienna, via London.—Austria Friday declared war on Belgium. The Belgian Ambassador was handed his passports at the Foreign Office, all diplomatic relations were broken off and the way cleared for Austrian troops joining the Germans in the operations on Belgian soil if necessary.

Until Friday Belgium was the only one of the allied powers at war with Germany alone.

### BOULOGNE TAKEN.

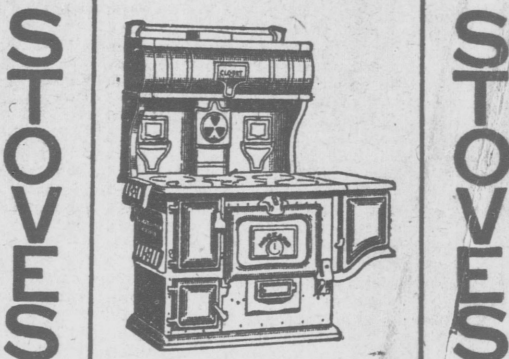
London.—A Central News dispatch says that Boulogne has been evacuated by the allied troops.

A news dispatch sent from Paris reported that train service between Paris and Boulogne had been suspended, with the explanation that this was probably because the allied armies were about to engage the Germans near the railroad line.

London heard that the Germans had cut the line. Boulogne is a fortified town on the English Channel, 140 miles east of Paris.

## J. F. McWhorter & Son

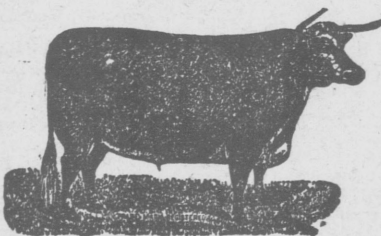
### STOVES



### STOVES

We have all the leading makes of Stoves and Ranges in Stock.

J. F. McWHORTER & SON  
Middletown, : : Delaware



"IT PAYS TO USE THEM"  
**SWIFT'S**  
Animal Ammoniated  
**FERTILIZERS**

Have You Joined  
The Swift Crowd?

OR ARE YOU

Still Sitting on the Fence?

If you are interested in getting a better Fertilizer—a Fertilizer that will help your plants withstand the different climatic changes—Increase your yields—Build up your soil—See our agent to-day

J. A. CLEAVER  
Middletown, Del.

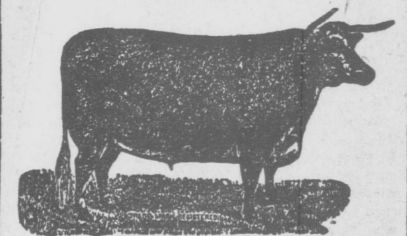
J. C. HUTCHION  
Townsend, Del.

Quality Counts Everytime

Swift & Company

Stock Exchange Building

BALTIMORE, MD.



The  
Middletown  
Transcript

OFFERS you the  
best advertising  
proposition in  
New Castle County,  
south of Wilmington.  
A small ad.  
will convince you of  
this fact.

Butcher Knives  
Meat Grinders  
Lard Presses  
Lard Cans  
Lap Robes  
Carriage Blankets  
Horse Blankets  
HARNESS  
STOVES  
Paints and  
Varnishes

Redgrave Bros.  
Middletown, Del.



## FINE FEATHERS

by WEBSTER DENISON

NOVELIZED FROM EUGENE WALTER'S DRAMA BY THE SAME NAME

## SYNOPSIS.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds move into their new bungalow—350 down, balance same as rent—on Staten Island. Mrs. Collins, a neighbor, calls before the household gods are set in order.

## CHAPTER II—Continued.

"Oh, you little deej!" Lifting the pup from the box, she pressed its soft coat to her cheeks. "I've just been crazy for a dog, Dick, and isn't it a beauty?"

She put it on the floor, stooped and called: "Here, Dick; here, Dick! That's what we'll name him, won't we, Bob?"

"Honored beyond words," said the donor. "Why not Bob?"

"No, look at his eyes. They're blue just like yours, Dick, and he's so cunning!"

Meade bent down and patted the pup's head.

"Well, I'm glad she likes you, old top, since there's such a resemblance."

"You'd better feed him, Jane," Bob suggested. "I want Dick to see the garden so we'll grow around a while till dinner."

Reynolds' guest showed general enthusiasm over the progress of his friend's agricultural venture. For an amateur Reynolds had displayed skill as well as zeal. The space he had allotted to his garden comprised about a fourth of his half-acre lot. This he had divided into little rectangular plots about thirty feet deep and fifteen wide. Narrow paths ran between so that each could be cultivated and watered without treading on the bed itself.

"You must have had some expert opinion here, Bob," Dick ventured. "I never saw a more orderly garden. Looks like you had laid it out with a rule and square. Where did you get the idea?"

"Jane helped out a lot and then I studied government bulletins. They told me what to do for the soil. It wasn't much better than a lot of sawdust when we came, Dick. It was good for some things, but not for others. I looked at that up, and so there is different treatment of the ground in different beds; lime, potash, bone and plain fertilizer. That's modern-day farming, my boy; the way your Jesuit trusts would do things if they were trying to raise beans and cabbages. You see, there is system for the little man as well as the capitalist if he will only take advantage of it. I'll bet you I get twice as much out of that garden as my friend Collins down the street, and he's had two years' start of me."

"Great! I hope you do. But where in the world did you find the time for all the work you've put into this patch?"

"Got up with the sun and put in an hour before breakfast. The novelty of it all took the edge off the toil and I've really enjoyed it."

They heard Jane calling them to dinner and went in.

"Where is my namesake?" Dick inquired.

"Asleep in the kitchen. The little dear had nearly half a pint of milk and I guess he's done for the night."

"The evening, you mean," said Bob. "Just wait till his digestive organs have had a chance. He's got one of the cutest little soprano voices you ever heard and we're in for plenty of midnight solos till he becomes acclimated. I've raised pups before."

"So have I, Bob," their guest replied, "and one thing I know, you mustn't humor him. Pups and babies are just the same; if they cry, let them have it out. Better stay awake all night than stuff or amuse them."

"Very well, Richard. Thanks for the lore. Dick, Jr., shall wait in peace, but I think the hen house would be far better for his lungs."

"Bob!" Jane exclaimed.

Dick waved his napkin aloft. "Truce, truce," he cried with a laugh, "or I shall blame myself for having brought trouble to Elysium. I will return the pup and bring you a turtle dove."

"You will not," said Jane quickly. "Dick is mine and you're wasting your time discussing him. He's going to be one of the family."

Her husband laughed and salaamed toward the kitchen door. "Dog, thy future is assured. The queen has spoken and great shall be thy power in the land."

"Amen," said Dick. "Twas ever thus."

Jane served coffee from a shining aluminum percolator, which she informed her husband and Dick was the culmination of heroic efforts to supply her with tobacco coupons.

"Isn't it a dandy?" she asked, "and it makes perfectly fine coffee in two minutes."

"And it's a godsend, Jane," Dick answered, "for now I may smoke real tobacco. For months I've battled with My Lady Nicotine in her vilest forms to find brands that furnished the most green tickets. You know my sentiments concerning kings and princes, but I have quashed them and paid homage to the rulers of four thousand years, from the first Ramesses to the last George."

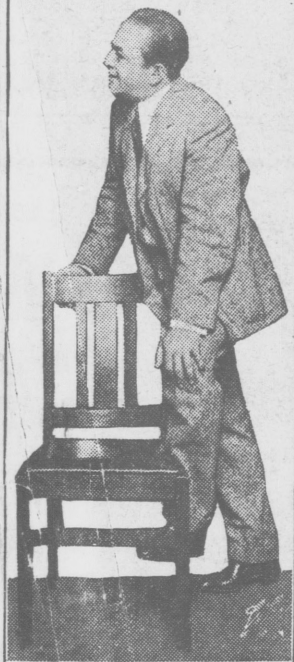
"Most noble sacrifice, my dear Dick, and please keep on. Look! I got a catalogue today. For only twelve thousand coupons I can get a piano and I need one badly."

"Holy smoke, deliver me! Bob must rent one."

"What do you think of the shack, Dick?" asked Reynolds, parring. "Let's help Jane clear the table and then we'll take you on a tour of inspection."

The Reynolds' bungalow was one of those ingenious devices of a land company's art; pretty and alluring, but built to sell at a large profit. The exterior was attractive if not imposing.

The lower half was stucco and the upper brown-stained shingles. The extending mansard roof drooped low over the veranda and gave a snug, squatty appearance to the whole. Within, it boasted no reception room or hall. The big living room ran the full breadth of the house, and served as a parlor, library and dining-room. On this the most pretentious efforts of the builder had been spent. On the side abutting the kitchen it had a stationary sideboard of mission effect. The entire wall was paneled half-way with a similar wood; a cheap ash, stained in imitation of mission oak. Above the paneling on this end of the room was a narrow shelf meant to retain the usual array of steins or plates. Though not separated by door or arch, the attempt had been made to have this half conform to the requirements of a dining-room, leaving the other to serve as a library. The low windows were set with uniform simplicity; one on either side of the door and one at each end. In the living half of the room a window seat ran from door to wall, and a combination bookshelf and desk offset the buffet of the other side. This corner Jane had converted into a "comfy," home-like lounging place. Pillows of her own making were scattered plentifully along the window seat and piled high at the end against the wall. A little center table laden with books, magazines and Bob's tobacco tray was in reach, and, beside it, a big Morris chair and Jane's smaller rocker. Here their evenings were spent in Bob's



Bob Reynolds.

reading aloud while Jane sewed, or with occasional games of cribbage and pinochle.

Diversions were not plentiful and indeed there was little need of them. Bob's day in the city, his long trip home, the dinner, his hour with his garden and Jane's daily struggle with domestic duties left little energy for nocturnal pastime. An hour or two usually found them ready for the little room at the back which, though dignified nominally as a guest's chamber, they had commandeered for sleeping purposes themselves. This room and the kitchen, with a bath between, divided the space in back of the long living room. Here the builder had recompensed himself for such extravagances as were indulged in in the front. The room was of barren simplicity; severe white walls, a window, closet, and door to the bathroom with woodwork of the cheapest price.

The only access to the second story was the stairway in the kitchen. There were two rooms there. A long one across the front of the house, but, on account of the sloping roof, much narrower than the one below and with a lower ceiling. The other was above the guest chamber, while the space over the kitchen was left unfinished for storeroom purposes.

"Space galore," said Meade as he eyed these unused rooms. "You might take a boarder."

"Try us and see, Dick. I know one we would be glad to have, wouldn't we, Jane?" her husband answered.

"Certainly. Why don't you do it, Dick? Just think what a help you'd be, too."

"Sure. Little Tom Sawyer here would let me weed the garden and feed his hens and, maybe, if I were real good, you'd let me wash the dishes."

"Well, I'd consider it."

"I wouldn't like anything better, Jane, but you know a newspaper man keeps rather strenuous hours. Sometimes I'm through at midnight and sometimes at four in the morning. I'd have to make a swim of it if I wanted to get across the bay at that hour. No, I guess I am doomed to the hall bedroom in Washington square."

"And the little place on the corner, Dick. Don't omit that; the place where they uncrown monarchs, divide Rockefeller's million and drown all social ills in a flood of amber and foam."

Honest, now, isn't that what you're thinking of as much as the swim across the bay? But, speaking of corners, we've got one ourselves. There's a little, fat German who blocks down the street who'd just love to talk Schopenhauer with you."

"No doubt I'll meet him, Bob. I need both philosophy and his man-chandise as a brace for the trip."

"You're not going back tonight, Dick," Jane announced. "Stay and go with Bob in the morning. Why, you'll miss half the fun of you don't have one of our commuters' breakfasts. Up with the birds, you know. Coffee and rolls at five-thirty and new-laid eggs—if there are any. That's the time when you get the true bucolic spirit."

A note of irony in her tone brought Bob with a start.

"No, little rebel," he exclaimed, "you don't have to get up at five-thirty and you know it. I could fix that morning repeat in two minutes if you'd let me."

"But I won't. I'd feel fine lying in bed like some Fifth Avenue beauty, with my husband puttering around with a frying pan and coffee pot. No, thank you. The day is long enough without you as it is."

Dick offered solace. "Bob isn't the only beneficiary, Jane. You know early rising is good for the complexion, and now I know the secret of yours."

She courted him. "Positively, Dick, you're getting bearable. If I had to choose another husband I wouldn't scratch socialists off my eligible list at all. If there's only one egg in the morning you shall have it."

"Is that a likely contingency?"

"Ask Bob. We've been drawing lots for it for the past week. It's the season when the maternal instinct predominates the sense of domestic duty in the henery. Of course there are store eggs to piece out with, but they don't count."

They went downstairs and Jane took up her embroidery while the men tempted fortune at auction pinochle with a third hand deal.

"That's my favorite game," Bob told Dick. "Jane and I nearly always play it. We like the third hand because it kind of makes us think of some visitor who doesn't come. Callers are pretty scarce, aren't they, Jane?"

"Yes, but we make up in quality what we lack in quantity—Dick and Mrs. Collins."

"Flattered, I'm sure," laughed Dick. "Who is the lady?"

"A Staten Island beauty you'd just dote on. A sort of a Titian futurist, and so cultured. We'll have to have her and the little Herr Host of the corner around for dinner the next time you come."

She put down her work and walked to Bob, bestowing a good-night kiss.

"You men can sit up as late as you want," she said, "but nine o'clock is Cinderella's hour for me. Good night, Dick. Remember the egg and get up when I call you."

"Au revoir, princess. We're both loath to have you go, but I think one more game will find us following suit."

And Bob agreed.

In the morning there was great rejoicing when an early raid on the Plymouth Rocks yielded four eggs; a most unwanted but not unneeded display of energy on the part of the fowls. A hurried breakfast, and the men bade Jane good-by and were off for the city.

## CHAPTER III.

## A Cloud in Elysium.

Spring waned and summer came. The sun bled down with dull persistence, and baked the sand and shriveled up the heading lettuce in Bob's garden. It scored the scant foliage of the new-set trees and scorched the lawn he had coaxing from seed. The house offered the only shelter, and even that was hot. Jane made two or three excursions to the beaches with Mrs. Collins, but these necessitated dressroom rides on crowded trolleys, so she abandoned them and stayed closely at home with nothing but her work, her books and idle chats with



## Road to Promotion.

All employees look forward to the day when they will gain promotion—when their wages will be raised, and they will be given greater responsibilities and more authority.

Too many employees set the day of their promotion upon the basis of the time they have been with the institution. That is wrong basis. Time is eternal and it is cheap. There is an over-production of it.

To be worthy of promotion you must make good—do your work, finish the task, no matter how humble. Some day you expect to be weighted with responsibility and clothed with authority to give orders. Regardless of the line of your employment, you must demonstrate that you have the strength to carry responsibility.

Before you are entitled to give orders, you must demonstrate your ability to take orders—and to execute them.

## Peru the Land of Sugar.

Heavy production of sugarcane to the acre is one of the surprises of Peru. Where it is grown the land is level and planting is an easy matter. When the cane reaches the height of two feet further attention in regard to cultivation is said to be unnecessary, and in from 18 to 24 weeks maturity is reached. That the growth is luxurious may be known from the fact that an average crop of 40 tons an acre is obtained, while 60 and even 70 is not uncommon. In other growing countries, including 15 tons per acre are considered average, according to sugar ex-

her neighbors to while away the hours of the long, hot day.

At night Bob puffed prodigiously at cheap, black cigars while he sat outside after dinner and battled with an endless host of mosquitoes. When he had smoked himself drowsy he would succumb to a superior force and join Jane inside. Lights made it more uncomfortable within, so, usually, they sat in the dark and talked until bedtime.

Friends came from the city occasionally, but their visits were not frequently repeated. It was a tremendous trip from Harlem or the Heights, where their few acquaintances lived, and one by one all but Dick dropped away. He came regularly every Wednesday.

They tried two or three trips to New York themselves, but the distance made these a hardship rather than a pleasure and there was the added expense. Once when they attempted a little dinner after a night at a roof garden they missed the last boat and had to stay at a hotel. Bob tried to conceal his misgivings as to how this would affect the week's finances, but Jane knew. They gave it up and stayed at home.

So the summer passed and fall came. Bob missed his garden. Frost nipped the tomatoes that had been so late in starting and this marked the last of their outdoor activities. The monotony for both began to pall, but they hid their feelings from each other.

More and more Jane sought refuge in the futile companionship of the gossiping Mrs. Collins. They went occasionally to New York for the matinees, but more frequently to spend an afternoon in idle wandering through the stores, for the funds of each were frugal. They were returning from such a journey one evening in late October.

"Come in and rest a minute," Jane invited, as they reached her bungalow.

"I know I'm tired and I guess you are."

"Going to the matinee from Staten Island sure does one up," Mrs. Collins acquiesced and she glanced about with a longing air as if she hoped her neighbor might offer something in the way of resuscitation.

Jane comprehended readily, but as she had nothing to offer she let the hint go unnoticed.

"The trip is certainly terrible," she agreed. "Coming home on those ferries and trolleys nearly drives me wild sometimes."

"But it's worth while after all," vouchsafed her neighbor. "I don't know what I would do if I didn't just pick up and go where I can breathe the air of Manhattan once in a while."

And the matinee! I used to go two or three times a week when I had my little flat in Amsterdam avenue. I just love the theaters. Didn't you think the show this afternoon was lovely."

"No, I didn't," Jane answered, "I just hated it. That beautiful home, those servants and those lovely gowns. As if anyone could believe that heroine could be unhappy with all she had. And it does seem as if those things were going to be out of reach forever."

The play, in so far as material environment was concerned, had presented the very antithesis of their own life. All the luxuries and indulgences that money can give were vividly portrayed, but the sequel proved the indisputable maxim, "all that glitters is not gold." Jane had an innate longing for a more lofty station in life than was hers. She believed that poverty and its petty exactions were her worst foes and that any woman, given the opportunities that money bestows, had the making of happiness within her hands. She had no sympathy or tolerance for the theory that wealth breeds discontent and woe. Mrs. Collins, on the other hand, while not gifted with an analytical mind, had a rough and ready sense of perspective. She was as fond of good things in life as one, but she was actuated in her longings by a spirit of jealousy rather than the belief that the best was rightfully hers. So she sympathized with the happy lot and rejoiced when the wealthy heroine wept. While she did not observe the fine distinction between herself and Jane, she recognized their common bond of complaint and attempted solace.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## His Alphabetical Family.

Assistant City Prosecutor Souhrada of Chicago, in explaining his late attendance in court told the judge that "the stork supplied the letter 'D' to my alphabetical family this morning."

"How's that?" asked the court.

"Well, we've got all the letters up to 'H' now. 'D' was missing, so we named the new arrival Daniel. He's as fine a boy as you ever saw."

He named his children over for the judge. They are: Albert, Bernadetta, Charles, Daniel, Elsie, Frank, George and Helen.

"When will 'Z' be represented?" asked the court.

"I give it up," laughed the prosecutor.

Realized Responsibility.

As marriage is a serious business some indication that the parties most immediately concerned are fully alive to this fact would be generally welcome. At every Roman wedding the bridegroom, on emerging from the temple with the bride, threw a handful of nuts among the bystanders. This was to show that he considered himself a boy no longer; that the sports and fancies of youth were now entirely abandoned; that he was standing on the threshold of a new existence, ready to assume all the responsibilities of a citizen.

Getting Results.

A colored woman was arguing and arguing with her husband, and when she had finished he said: "Dinah, you talk don't affect me no more than a flea bite." "Well," she answered, "the gawna keep yo' scratchin'."

## STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Latest Doings in Various Parts of the State.

## PREPARED FOR QUICK READING

Wesley Bowers' home near Ridgebury was robbed of \$15 by burglars.

At Hagerstown since August 17 wheat has advanced 17 cents a bushel.

W. Ford Breeding, of Federalsburg, fell out of a wagon, fracturing a knee.

The White residence in Port Deposit has been bought by Mrs. Rose G. White for \$1,500.

A gasoline stove exploding at his home in Millington, Edward Spear was seriously burned.

The Cherry Hill Red Men held their annual harvest home and picnic at Singler's.

A lodge of Daughters of America has been instituted at Crompton, 143 35 charter members.

Struck by a Maryland and Pennsylvania express train William Martin, of Forest Hill, was killed.

Miss Sue Kahoe, of Flintville, has been awarded a scholarship to the Normal School at Baltimore.

Richard Pyles, 65 years old, committed suicide by hanging in a grove near his home at Concord.

The 108-acre Rouse-Jones farm, near Lynch Station, has been bought by H. F. Cornelius for \$7,050.

William Foust, of Waynesboro, Pa., was rescued from drowning in Lake Royer, at Pen-Mar, by Omar Kauffman and Wayne Clugston.

William McEwing, a lineman, was killed when hit on the head by a rock at the Havre de Grace stone quarries. A family survives him.

Horace Young, 50 years old, a farmer of Damascus district, was shot and killed by Jacob Gue aged 35, a tenant on one of Mr. Young's farms.

George Williams, 38 years old, of 1710 Jackson street, Baltimore, a fireman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was severely burned about the legs, when the injector on the steam pipe of an engine burst. The train was near Benning road at the time.

Fire, caused by lightning, destroyed the large barn on the farm of Edward P. Beall, near Redland. A large quantity of grain and a number of farming implements were also destroyed and three fine horses perished in the flames. The loss is about \$5,000.

The executive officers at the State House are to be renovated. Governor Goldsborough conferred with J. G. Valliant in regard to the matter. The improvements will include repainting and decorating the walls, laying of new carpets and rugs and other new office furnishings.

Mrs. Elliott Burwell, of West river, Anne Arundel county, announces the engagement of her daughter, Augusta, to Ridgely P. Melvin, of Annapolis. The wedding will take place in the fall. The prospective groom is City Counselor of Annapolis and to the County Commissioners.

Firing a bullet into his heart Charles Alvey, adjutant captain of the First Maryland Regiment, a son of the late Chief Justice Richard H. Alvey, of the Maryland Court of Appeals, and a young attorney, committed suicide in his law office, in the First National Bank Building, Hagerstown. Captain Alvey had been in failing health for some time, but gave no indication that he intended an attempt on his life.

INTERESTING NOTES FOR ALL.

Coal totals 85 per cent. of all minerals dug.

Egypt and Sweden now have women judges.

British India's 1913 coal output was 15,486,318 tons.

Italy's total wine yield in 1913 was 1,879,136,000 gallons.

A full grown elephant can carry three tons on its back.

The world uses about \$25,400,000 worth of buttons yearly.

The average death rate throughout the world is 67 a minute, and the average number of births in the same period is 70.

There is said to be one rat to every acre of ground in England and Wales, causing a loss to farmers estimated at \$73,000,000 annually.

It costs Paris nearly \$100,000 a year to care for the trees on its streets and boulevards and in its parks, more than 1,000 new ones being planted annually.

The roads of the plains of Argentina have deeper dust in summer and deeper mud in winter than those of any other part of the world; consequently the wagons used on them have wheels from 6 to 15 feet in diameter.

Calcutta now has an omnibus company capitalized at \$2,500,000, mostly owned by Londoners.

## MONEY Saved on Automobiles

Why pay a big price for a new car when a slightly used one will answer the same purpose. We have slightly used cars at very low prices.

We have satisfied others. We can satisfy you.

Consult us before going elsewhere.

## SOUTH PHILADELPHIA GARAGE

GEO. N. GILL, Prop.

2008-10 S. 13th St. Phila., Pa.

## THE SUN

BALTIMORE, MD.

ISSUED MORNING, EVENING AND SUNDAY

## THE GREAT HOME PAPER OF THE SOUTH

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD is gathered by the well-trained special correspondents of THE SUN and set before the readers in a concise and interesting manner each morning and weekday afternoon. As a chronicle of world events THE SUN IS INDISPENSABLE, while its bureaus in Washington and New York make its news from the legislative and financial centers of the country the best that can be obtained. AS A WOMAN'S PAPER THE SUN has no superior, being morally and intellectually a paper of the highest type. It publishes the very best features that can be written on fashion, art and miscellaneous matters. THE SUN'S market news makes it A BUSINESS MAN'S NECESSITY for the farmer, the merchant and the broker can depend upon complete and reliable information upon their various lines of trade.

By Mail THE SUN (Morning or Evening) is 25c. a Month or \$3 a Year

THE SUNDAY SUN, by Mail, is 3c. a Copy or 25c. for 2 Months or \$1.50 a Year

And THE SUN, Morning, Evening and Sunday, . . . \$7.50 a Year

Address All Orders to

THE A. S. ABELL COMPANY BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

JAMES J. ROSS, President WM. DENNY, Secretary and Treasurer

—INCORPORATED 1847—

## Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.

DOVER, DEL.

Insures Property Against FIRE and LIGHTNING

BUSINESS CONDUCTED ON THE MUTUAL SYSTEM

Has Returned to its Policy-Holders in Dividends and Surrendered Policies over \$500,000.00

Present Membership Over Eight Thousand, With Over

\$11,000,000.00 INSURANCE IN FORCE

## AGENTS

J. A. JEWELL, Agent, Delaware City, Del. D. B. MALONEY, Agent, Townsend, Del. AGENTS IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS

## What is Ahead of You?

It depends upon your education—its extent and kind. A Commercial or Stenographic course at

## Goldey College

will take you out of the ranks of unskilled workers, fit you for well-paid, pleasant employment and start you on the straight road to promotion. Graduates assisted to positions.

Our catalog gives full information. Write, 'phone or call for YOUR copy to-day.

Goldey College - Wilmington, Del.

## An Announcement

Wilmington, Del., June 24th, 1913

I beg to announce that I have opened an office at 807 Shipley St., to conduct a General Real Estate, Mortgage and Fire Insurance Business. Formerly with W. E. Powell, 839 Market.

William E. Lee

## HAVE YOU A KODAK?

Let us DEVELOP and PRINT your films.

Mail Order Work a Specialty at

## THE ROYAL STUDIO



## The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

-AT-

MIDDLETOWN, New Castle County, Delaware

-BY-

The Middletown Transcript Co.

(INCORPORATED)

LONG DISTANCE PHONE NO. 37.

Entered at the Post Office as second-class matter

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., SEPT. 12, 1914

## SHOPPING BY MAIL

EVERYBODY knows about the catalogue houses and other big establishments which advertise to do a mail order business. The theory upon which they proceed is to pick out a few articles of common consumption and sell them at wholesale prices perhaps, or even less. If a popular copyrighted book is published they will buy them in large quantities and put them on the market at their cost price, and this serves two purposes; it aids them in killing off the local dealers by showing a great contrast between the mail order house and the local dealer. It also operates as an excellent advertising scheme. Seeing these low prices upon articles which the people know about, they readily conclude that the company advertising these things so wonderfully low are selling everything on a correspondingly low basis. The next deceit is the quality of the goods. They advertise apparently the same art that your retailer does, at a lower price and soon they make the non-expert believe that he better buy all his goods of them. He proceeds to do so and actually pays more in the end than he would pay his local dealer at regular prices.

These houses make up much more on the goods which you do not understand and by this process of hood-winking retain your trade, tear down the local dealers in the small towns decrease the value of town and adjacent country property, and you are doing it yourself. You are saving a few cents on a barrel of salt and reducing the price of your farm by the act.

## A GOOD PLACE TO SETTLE

THE eyes of many home seekers are turning towards Delaware as a good place to settle, appreciating the facts that the land of this state is as fertile as any which the sun ever warmed, and that it can be secured at as reasonable prices as woodland anywhere else. One of the great advantages that the Delaware farmer has, is that he is within easy reach of the markets of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Our farmers are becoming versed in how to farm according to improved methods, and are pushing to the front Delaware's reputation as an agricultural state.

## THE STATE TICKET

THE Republican State Convention nominated a strong ticket at Dover on Wednesday, which gives positive assurance that the party will win at the November election. It was one of the most harmonious conventions ever held at the State Capitol, and among the delegates and spectators were many of the best and most influential Republicans of the State.

## REST ROOM AT FAIR

The Young Women's Christian Association will have the management of the rest tent at the Delaware State Fair this year. The Y. M. C. A., aims always to help girls and women everywhere and wants to be of service not only to the women of the City but also to those living in the county and state. Every convenience possible has been provided. A board floor and rug will add to the comfort of the patrons. For those who want to "tidy up" after a dusty journey there are a completely equipped wash stand and dressing table, those who want to rest will find a cot, a lounge and easy willow chairs; a first aid case with a supply of simple remedies will afford relief to any one taken suddenly ill. A reading table with newspapers and magazines and a well stocked writing desk are added attractions. Every day members of the Young Women's Christian Association will be present to minister to the needs of women and children free of charge. All this is possible because of the generosity of Fair authorities and many kind citizens of Wilmington. Welcome to the Y. M. C. A. tent.

## Hotel DuPont

The Hotel duPont, Wilmington, under the management of Ernest S. Taite, has issued a beautiful souvenir booklet, giving a description of the hotel, erected at a cost of over a million dollars. The work is profusely illustrated, showing many views of the interior of this modern hotel. The general description of the hotel fills many pages of this work of the printers' art, and every word contained in the booklet is interesting and instructive.

Wilmingtonians have cause to feel proud of such a place, and the State can well boast of a hotel that few outside its borders can compare with.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,

THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 O'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land with the dwelling house, carpenter shop and buildings thereon erected, situated in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Banning street at the distance of one hundred and fifty-seven feet one inch easterly from the easterly side of Broome street; thence westerly parallel with Broome street and along a line of lands of Owen J. Hession, one hundred and eighty feet, more or less, to a point in other lands of said Hession, thence by his lands westerly seventeen feet to a line of lands of the estate of Henry H. Johnson, deceased; thence by said Johnson's land and in a southeasterly direction, one hundred and forty-two feet to a point in a line of land of Victor R. Pyle; thence northeasterly, parallel with Maryland avenue and by lands of Victor R. Pyle and Thomas S. Miller, one hundred and thirty-three feet more or less to a corner; thence by said Miller's land and by land of Rahant, and parallel with Broome street, thirty-one feet four inches to a new line; thence by said new line westerly and parallel with Banning street, one hundred and twenty-eight feet to a corner; thence northeasterly and parallel with Broome street and passing through the center of a two-foot wide alley between the dwelling on this lot and the dwelling on the lot adjoining on the east, ninety-five feet, three inches more or less to the said southwesterly side of Banning street and thence thereby westerly thirty-one feet eleven inches to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Being the same lands and premises which Huber Cassidy, et ux., granted and conveyed unto Edward McGinnes by their Indenture dated even date herewith, not yet recorded, now present appears.

For release of a portion of this property see Deed Record, H. Vol. 21, Page 394 &c., the same being in the words and figures following, to-wit:

All that portion of the above mentioned and described property, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

All that certain lot of land situate in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point distant about ninety-five feet and three inches more or less, southerly from the southerly side of Banning street by a line drawn at right angles thereto, and one hundred and sixty feet westerly from the westerly side of Franklin street by a line drawn at right angles thereto, said point of beginning being a corner for lands of said Edward McGinnes and Julius Rahut; thence southerly and parallel with Franklin and Broome streets along a line of land of said Julius Rahut, thirty-one feet and four inches more or less to a corner for land of said Thomas S. Miller and Victor R. Pyle; thence southwesterly along said lands and parallel with Maryland avenue, twenty-nine feet and six inches more or less to a point distant sixteen feet from the first described line if extended by a line drawn at right angles thereto; thence northerly and parallel with Franklin and Broome streets, fifty-seven feet more or less to a point distant sixteen feet westerly from the point of beginning, by a line drawn at right angles thereto; thence easterly and parallel with Banning street sixteen feet to the place of beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Edward McGinnes and Martha L. McGinnes, mortgagors & t. s., and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,

THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described real estate viz: All that certain lot or piece of land, with the two-story brick store and dwelling thereon erected, being No. 945 Vandever avenue, situated in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Vandever avenue, at the distance of three hundred and eighty-three feet eleven inches easterly from the easterly side of Locust street, and at the middle of the brick division wall between the house on this lot and the one on the west; thence southerly, parallel with Locust street and passing through the middle of said wall, one hundred and seven feet, eight inches to the northerly side of ten-foot-wide alley leading from Locust to Thatcher street thence easterly, parallel with Vandever avenue, thirty-seven feet five inches more or less, to the westerly side of Thatcher street, thence northerly along the westerly side of Thatcher street to the southerly side of Vandever avenue; thence westerly along the southerly side of Vandever avenue fifteen feet nine inches, more or less, to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may, with the free use and privilege of said alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Landth Improvement Company a corporation of the State of Delaware, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 3, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON MONDAY,

THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 O'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Harrison street, one hundred and ninety feet north of Eighth street, having a frontage of twenty-five feet on said side of Harrison street, and extending at that width between parallel lines, parallel with Eighth street, one hundred and forty-five feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON MONDAY,

THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 O'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Spruce street, one hundred and twenty-six feet north of Vandever avenue, having a frontage of sixteen feet four inches on said side of Spruce street, and extending at that width between parallel lines at right angles to Spruce street, one hundred forty feet, ten inches.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON MONDAY,

THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 O'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz: All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Spruce street, one hundred and forty-two feet four inches north of Vandever avenue, having a frontage of sixteen feet four inches on said side of Spruce street, and extending at that width between parallel lines at right angles to Spruce street, one hundred forty feet, ten inches.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

## NOTICE!

I, GEORGE C. DEVALINGER, tenant and occupant of the house known as the National Hotel, situated at Middletown, in School District No. 60, 60 1-2 and 94, county of New Castle and State of Delaware, in compliance with the requirements of the Acts of the General Assembly, in such cases made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply in writing to the Court of General Session of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County on Monday, the 21st day of September A. D. 1914, being the next term of said Court, for a license for said house as an inn or tavern.

For the purpose of giving notice of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens of said School District, recommend the said application, viz:

Geo. W. Price, W. S. Letherbury, Julian Cochran, F. J. Pennington, Geo. H. Johnson, W. A. Comegys, J. L. Parsons, Alex. Metten, Harry T. Preston, S. M. Rosenberg, Geo. W. Ingram, Harry M. Black, Wm. L. Cochran, C. M. Cochran, Corbit Vinyard.

Geo. C. Devalinger, Middletown, Del. Aug., 19th, 1914.

## The Great Wilmington Fair Sep. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 We Pay Car Fair

On presentation of return Railroad Ticket, we will return your Car Fare up to any amount not beyond 10 per cent of your purchase with us of all regular, but not reduced goods.

## New

Men's Fall Suits, \$10 to \$30.  
Boys' Fall Suits, \$5 to \$18.  
Little Boys' Suits, \$2.50 to \$12.  
New Fall Hats.  
New Fall Shoes.  
New Fall Shirts.  
New Fall Furnishings.

Everything for Men and Boys to wear; a lot of Big Bargains in our Clean-up Sale that it will pay you to look through.

Biggest Because Best

MULLIN'S

Wilmington, Del.

## Security Trust and SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

CAPITAL \$ 600,000  
SURPLUS & PROFITS 775,000  
DEPOSITS 2,500,000

The successful conduct of your business depends largely upon your Trust Company connection what service you receive from the Company of your choice—whether it is courteous, obliging and personal. This is the kind of service we render to all our patrons in all our departments. We are sure you will be much pleased and find great advantage in having an account with us.

## OFFICERS

Edwin Nields, President  
J. S. Russell, Vice President  
L. J. Townsend, Vice President  
H. J. Dummer, Secretary  
H. J. Dummer, Assistant Sec.



CHUCK YOUR OLD HAT. THE GOOD FEELING YOU GET WILL BE WORTH MORE THAN THE PRICE OF A NEW ONE.

ALL HATS FOR \$3.50 ARE NOT THE SAME QUALITY. TRY ONE OF "OURS" ONCE. WE'VE JUST OPENED UP OUR NEW ONES. MY! HOW PRETTY THEY ARE!

## J. B. MESSICK

Middletown, : : : Delaware

## JOS. R. HELDYMER

Cash Store

Eggs 24 and 28 cents. Sole Agents for Farmers' Creamery Butter, 39 cents. Hubert's Famous King Midas Bread, Chesapeake Baking Co's. Pound, Marble, Fruit and Layer Cake.

## GROCERIES

### Salt and Fresh Meats

Especially fine lot of Spring Lamb. Best Lamb Chops 30c lb. Leg of Lamb 25c lb. Fresh Pork and our own make of Sausage and Scapple. Foreign and Domestic Fruits in Season. Save your Tickets, get 2 per cent. off.

STORE, BROAD & MAIN STREET

PHONE NO. 223 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

### SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

ACCOUNT

## Delaware State Fair

AT WILMINGTON

September 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11

Leave Clayton 8:35 A. M. Townsend 8:48 A. M. Middletown 8:57 A. M. Pleasant 9:06 A. M. Kirkwood 9:15 A. M. Arrive Wilmington 9:50 A. M. Returning Leave Wilmington 6:53 P. M. Making same stops.

### Five Big Days

Racing, Horse and Dog Show, Baby Show, Vaudeville, Mystifying Midways. Consult Ticket Agents.

## Pennsylvania Railroad

## BASE BALL, TO-DAY

Corbit Park

## Odessa Athletic Club

VS.

## Traction Co. of Wilmington

Men 20 Cents Ladies 15 Cents

Game Called at 3.00 P. M.

## DIXIE PRIDE

# THE MIGHTY HAAG

## BRINGS 2 STAGES

# SHOWS

## ACRES OF WATERPROOF TENTS

## TANGO ELEPHANTS TRAINED WILD ANIMALS \$50,000 HORSE SHOW

## 2 AND 8 P.M. RAIN OR SHINE

## A MILE LONG STREET PARADE AT 10 A.M.

## 20 TH. ANNUAL TOUR

## MORE ACTS FEATURES THRILLS THAN ANY OTHER SHOW ON THE

## M. BANNING & SON

EAST MAIN STREET MARKET

Dealer in

## General Merchandise

Now the Summer months have past, and Fall is here we are making ready for the seasonable need of our Patrons.

We have a lot of New Rugs at Old Prices. This Goods was bought before any advance in Prices, so our customers will get the Old Price on all this Stock. One Special in Smyrna Rugs 30x60in—this is a regular \$1.25 Rug. Call for coupon and get this Beautiful Rug for 98c; don't miss this chance, you won't have it again so.

Also our new Linoleum, Oilcloth, and Oilcloth Squares, Inlaid Linoleum at 90c a yard, regular Linoleum at 50c a yard, some big bargain in Jobs of Linoleum at Special Prices; 4-4 Oak Rug binder at 45c a yard; a new lot of Krex Wool and Fiber Rugs.

9 piece Gold Band Chamber Sets at \$25 a set. Flower Pots all sizes from 3c to 40c

Set cool supplies we have them. So just come in and get them for time is at hand these Goods.

### Groceries

We have a full line of Seasonable Fruits and Vegetables. As we are now in the midst of the Canning and Preserving Season, we can supply you with Pure Spices, Jelly Glasses, Jars, Tin Can, Paronax, and etc.

Fresh Cakes and Crackers, New Canned Goods and Cereals coming in now.

Don't forget our Pickling Vinegar, Heinz White Wine Vinegar.

Store open Evenings.

## M. Banning & Son

PHONE No. 60.

Middletown, Delaware

## DELAWARE COLLEGE

A part of the Public School System of the State. Tuition free to all Delaware students. Next Session begins September 15. Able faculty. Varied courses. Experimental farm and well equipped shop and laboratories. Beautiful and healthful location. The College has three departments with a four years' course leading to the degrees of A. B. and B. S.

Arts and Science, Agriculture, Engineering, Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Chemical

Also a practical course of two years in Agricultural. For catalogue and other information, address

SAMUEL C. MITCHELL, President  
Newark, Delaware

## The Women's College of Delaware

Tuition free to all Delaware students. Opens September 15th. Two new buildings, modern equipment, and attractive campus. The College has three departments.

Four years' course leading to the degree of A. B. or B. S. Four years' course leading to the degree of B. S., and designed to train teachers for elementary and secondary schools.

Four years' course leading to the degree of B. S., for training in home-making and teaching.

Also a brief practical course of two years in Education or Home Economics, leading to a certificate.

For catalogue and other information, address

WINIFRED J. ROBINSON, Dean  
Newark, Delaware

## FASHION AND GOOD FORM



cannot be better exemplified than in a home that is furnished in the best of taste. Have a view to artistic effects and to the prevailing styles. Our warerooms represent the final verdict in up-to-the-minute furniture. Substantial, elegant suits for parlor, bedroom or dining room. Let us extend to you a helping hand.

W. J. WILSON

Middletown, Del.

## The Transcript \$1.00



**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land with the two-story frame dwelling thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid (known as No. 1336 Claymont street) bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Claymont street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, at the distance of sixty feet from the southerly side of Fourteenth street; thence easterly parallel with Fourteenth street, ninety-six feet to the westerly side of a four-foot wide alley running from Thirteenth to Fourteenth street; thence southerly along said alley side, parallel with Claymont street, sixteen feet to land now or formerly of James C. Morrow; thence by a line of the same, westerly and parallel with Fourteenth street, ninety-three feet to the aforesaid side of Claymont street and thence thereby northerly sixteen feet to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of S. Elizabeth Wilson, Administratrix of Enos W. Clair, deceased, mortgagor, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the southerly side of the County Road (near the line of "A" street) leading from the Causeway to Loddell street, with the easterly side of said Causeway, thence easterly along said southerly side of said County Road, three hundred and seventy-eight feet, more or less, to a corner; thence southerly and parallel with the said Causeway, fifty-eight feet six inches to another corner; thence westerly by line dividing this from land now or formerly of Vincent A. Ehardt, three hundred and eighty-two feet six inches, to the aforesaid easterly side of the Causeway; and thence thereby northerly seventy-six feet, six inches, to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William T. Guthrie, Executor of Jones Guthrie, deceased mortgagor; Hannah Guthrie, co-mortgagor, being also deceased, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the southeasterly side of Jefferson street, at the distance of eighty-six feet northeasterly from the northeasterly side of Thirty-second street; thence northeasterly, along the said southeasterly side of Jefferson street, one hundred and forty-five feet, more or less, to a line of land of Derrickson, thence thereby easterly sixteen feet, more or less, to another line of land; thence thereby southerly, one hundred and sixty feet, more or less, to a corner; and thence northeasterly, parallel with Thirty-second street, eighty-five feet to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Max R. Ahner, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the east side of Jefferson street, ninety-eight feet and six inches north of Ninth street, having a frontage on said side of Jefferson street, of seventy-five feet and extending at that width between parallel lines, parallel with Ninth street, a depth of one hundred and fifty feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Frank J. Doyle, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the east side of Jefferson street, ninety-eight feet and six inches north of Ninth street, having a frontage on said side of Jefferson street, of seventy-five feet and extending at that width between parallel lines, parallel with Ninth street, a depth of one hundred and fifty feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Max R. Ahner, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land, with the dwelling house thereon erected situate in the town of Newport, Christians hundred, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Christian street, at the distance of one hundred and seventy feet easterly from the easterly side of Walnut street, thence easterly along the said side of Christian street, eighty feet to a corner; thence northerly, parallel with Walnut street, one hundred and thirty feet to a corner, thence easterly and parallel with Christian street, seventy-nine feet, ten inches, more or less, to the westerly side of Augustine street; thence northerly by said side of Augustine street, forty-two feet, more or less, to the westerly side of Lieberman's Lane (formerly known as Lynam's Lane) thence in a northerly direction by the said westerly side of said lane, one hundred and ninety-four feet, more or less, to the southerly side of Highland street; thence westerly by said side of Highland street, seventy feet, more or less, to a point distant one hundred and seventy feet easterly from the easterly side of Walnut street, measures along said side of Highland street, thence southerly, parallel with Walnut street, three hundred and fifty feet to the said side of Christian street and place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Louella Harman, administratrix of Thaddeus S. Harman, deceased mortgagor, and Louella Harman, surviving mortgagor, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20th, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northeasterly side of Thirty-second street, 38 feet distant, northwest, at right angles from the northeasterly side of Jefferson street, 170 feet to a corner; thence north-westerly, parallel with Thirty-second street, 38 feet to a corner; thence south-westerly, parallel with Jefferson street, thence northeasterly parallel with Jefferson St. 170 feet to the northeasterly side of Thirty-second street, and thence thereby southeasterly 38 feet, to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William T. Ahner, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Spruce street, one hundred and forty-two feet four inches north of Vandever Avenue, having a frontage of sixteen feet four inches on said side of Spruce street, and extending at that width between parallel lines at right angles to Spruce street, one hundred forty feet, ten inches.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Harrison street, one hundred and sixty feet north of Eighth street, having a frontage of twenty-five feet on said side of Harrison street, and extending at that width between parallel lines, parallel with Eighth street, one hundred and forty-five feet.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Spruce street, one hundred and twenty-six feet north of Vandever Avenue, having a frontage of sixteen feet four inches on said side of Spruce street, and extending at that width between parallel lines at right angles to Spruce street, one hundred forty feet, ten inches.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maximilian Lichtenstein, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and State of Delaware, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the easterly side of DuPont street, at the distance of eighty-nine feet southerly from the southerly side of Fifth street; thence easterly, parallel with Fifth street, one hundred feet to a stake; thence southerly, parallel with DuPont street, forty-two feet to another stake; thence westerly, parallel with Fifth street, one hundred feet to the said side of DuPont street, and thence thereby northerly forty-two feet to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of The Twelfth Ward Democratic Club, a corporation of the State of Delaware, mortgagor, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 3, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northeasterly side of Madison street, at the distance of 58 feet northeast from the northeasterly side of Thirty-second street; thence north-west, parallel with Madison street, 100 feet to a corner; thence northeast and parallel with Madison street, 56 feet, more or less, to another corner; thence easterly 100 feet, more or less, to the northwesterly side of Madison street; and thence thereby southerly, parallel with Madison street, to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Emma M. Sneath, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the southeasterly side of Thirty-first street with the northwesterly side of Monroe street; thence northwesterly along the southeasterly side of Thirty-first street 100 feet to a corner; thence southwest, parallel to Monroe street, 154 feet to a corner; thence southeasterly, parallel with Thirty-first street, 100 feet to the aforesaid northwesterly side of Monroe street; and thence thereby northeasterly, 154 feet to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Julius Ahner, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northeasterly side of Thirty-second street, seventy-six feet northwesterly from the northwesterly side of Jefferson street; thence northeasterly, parallel with Jefferson street, one hundred and seventy feet to a corner; thence northwesterly, parallel with Thirty-second street, twenty-four feet to a corner; thence southwesterly, parallel with Jefferson street, one hundred and seventy feet to the aforesaid northeasterly side of Thirty-second street; and thence thereby southeasterly twenty-four feet, to the place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Max R. Ahner, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All of a certain lot or piece of land, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the northeast side of Thirty-second street, with the northwesterly side of Jefferson street; thence northwesterly by the side of Thirty-second street, 38 feet to a corner; thence northeasterly, parallel with Jefferson street, 170 feet to a corner; thence southeasterly, parallel with Thirty-second street, 38 feet to the northwesterly side of Jefferson street; and thence thereby southwesterly 170 feet to the place of beginning.

Be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hilda Mason, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

**FARMERS:—**We carry in stock nothing but GEORGES CREEK BITUMINOUS COAL for THRESHING PURPOSES.

JESSE L. SIEPHERD.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land, with the dwelling house thereon erected, situate in the town of Newport, Christians hundred, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Christian street, at the distance of one hundred and seventy feet easterly from the easterly side of Walnut street; thence easterly along the said side of Christian street, eighty feet to a corner; thence northerly, parallel with Walnut street, one hundred and thirty feet to a corner, thence easterly and parallel with Christian street, seventy-nine feet, ten inches, more or less, to the westerly side of Augustine street; thence northerly by said side of Augustine street, forty-two feet, more or less, to the westerly side of Lieberman's Lane (formerly known as Lynam's Lane); thence in a northerly direction by the said westerly side of said lane, one hundred and ninety-four feet, more or less, to the southerly side of Highland street; thence westerly by said side of Highland street, seventy feet, more or less, to a point distant one hundred and seventy feet easterly from the easterly side of Walnut street, measures along said side of Highland street; thence southerly, parallel with Walnut street, three hundred and fifty feet to the said side of Christian street and place of beginning.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Louella Harman, administratrix of Thaddeus S. Harman, deceased mortgagor, and Louella Harman, surviving mortgagor, and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., August 20, 1914.

**SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF** a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware.

ON SATURDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1914, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot or piece of land situate in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county and state of Delaware, with the brick dwelling house thereon erected and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a corner formed by the easterly side of King street with the northerly side of Seventh street and running thence northerly along said easterly side of King street, seventeen feet and two inches to a point; thence easterly and parallel to Seventh street, forty-seven feet and five inches to a point in the westerly side of a three-foot wide alley leading into Seventh street; thence southerly and parallel to King street, seventeen feet and two inches to the northerly side of Seventh street, and thence thereby westerly forty-seven feet and five inches to the point or place of beginning, together with the privilege of the use of said alley forever and containing within these bounds eight hundred and thirteen feet and eleven and five-sixths inches of land, be the same more or less.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James Ferris Belt, and Winnifred B. Belt, his wife, mortgagors, and t. t. s., and to be sold by WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., September 1, 1914.

## School Days, College and Boarding School Time

There is Much Supplying to be done  
**FOGEL & BURSTAN are READY**

The store that best serves its grown up clientele can best supply those growing up.

The small boy or girl just starting to school and the older boys and the girls up to those in their teens attending college, are all included by this STORE, in its preparation for Fall Suits, Dresses, Shoes, Underwear and other essentials in dress, for home, boarding school and college trunks, handbags, umbrellas and sweaters.

Mothers of growing girls who are to go away to boarding school or college can save themselves much care and trouble in getting them ready, by coming to FOGEL & BURSTAN.

Here, everything has been thought out, prices to suit every purse; varieties to suit every taste, and to permit quick selection from the NEWEST FASHIONS; and this is true of all we sell from hats to shoes, and from under to outer garments. All kinds of SCHOOL SUPPLIES for the children, we have been at many pains to hunt out REAL BARGAINS for this School Opening Sale to find high grade goods for little money. To illustrate, we offer for the very low price of 10c a dozen, a fine No. 2 rubber-lead pencil that usually sold for 25c a dozen; and our well known 5c Rutland Tablet has 50 sheets where the other 5c tablets have only 20 sheets. These are only two of many bargains which our Mr. Fogel has ferreted out for our patrons. Come and see them.

Many other school supplies such as tablets, composition books, note books, copy books, spelling tablets, pencils crayons, penholders, pens, lunch boxes, drinking cups, companions, rulers, water colors and other articles to numerous to mention.

Serge dresses for ladies and misses in all the newest shades with long tunics and trimmed with colored silks and buttons.

New Coat Suits in all the new styles fabric garden, Manish Diagonal, cheviot serges, Navy, Black, New Blue, Green, Wisteria. Prices \$15.00 to \$18.00.

Separate Skirts are shown in Broadcloth, Serges, Novelty Suiting and Plaids in all colors and sizes in various styles, belt and button trimmings, other Russian Tunics. Prices \$2.00 to \$5.00.

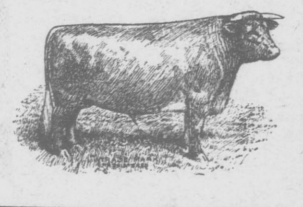
Also many bargains in Ladies waists, white pique and linen skirts, undershirts, corset cover, brassiere, gowns. Also in mens shirts, boys blouses, knee pants, underwear and the well known Black Cat Hosiery for boys and girls, and shoes for men, women and children.

## Fogel & Burstan's Dept. Store

Corner Broad and Main Streets

MIDDLETOWN, - - - DELAWARE

The Transcript \$1.00 per year



## POTASH SCARCE!

What Are You Now  
Saying For 12-2?

When you Change Present Order --- Let  
**SWIFT Save you Money**

**READ THIS**

Middletown, Del., August 3d, 1914.

Messrs. Swift & Co., Baltimore, Md.  
Gentlemen:—

I bought from your agent J. A. Cleaver, of Middletown, Del., 11 tons of your Corn and Wheat Grower, during Fall 1913, and drilled it on 75 acres of follow and threshed 2630 bushels of No. 2 Wheat in July, 1914—and average of 35 1-15 bushels per acre.

I also had 75 acres of stack ground in wheat on the same farm and threshed 2377 bushels of No. 2 wheat with Fertilizer (made by another manufacturer) drilled on it, and got an average of 31 2-3 bus. per acre, a difference of 253 bus. in favor of SWIFT & COMPANY'S FERTILIZER. I recommend Swift & Company's Fertilizer as giving good returns.

Yours respectfully,  
JULIAN G. CLEAVER.

Some Claim Large Yields due to Season, this  
shows some of it due to

## SWIFT'S FERTILIZER





**S. E. MASSEY,**

DRALER IN  
WATCHES,  
CLOCKS,  
JEWELRY,  
SILVERWARE

Also a Large Stock of

Cut Glass

Howard Watches

Gillette Razors

Repairing and  
Silversmithing  
a Specialty.

We also handle the

WATERMAN'S IDEAL

FOUNTAIN PEN.

**S. E. Massey,**  
Middletown,  
Del.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH

**TO THE****Ladies and Gentlemen**

of Middletown and Vicinity

Who are about to invest in a Fall and Winter Tailor-made Suit or Overcoats.

That we can promise Tailor-made Suits or Overcoats for the same money it would cost to buy ready-made, because we make it ourselves and make it direct to the wearer with but one profit added to the cost of production. That every garment made by M. Berg, East Main Street, Middletown, Del., is up to the last tick of the clock in style. And is guaranteed for satisfactory service. That anyone can have his or her money refunded for any garment that doesn't turn out right. Stop in and see our beautiful Fall and Winter Samples, guaranteed to be all pure wool. Call and be convinced.

**M. BERG**

Middletown, : Delaware

**HAVE YOUR****Shoes Repaired**

AT

**J. Appelfeld & Bro.**

we have bought M. Dek-  
tor's old stand, on North  
Broad Street, near Jones'  
Meat Shop. We do the  
best work for less money  
—work done promptly  
and well.

**J. APPELFELD & BRO.**

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

**SECURITY**

TRUST &amp; SAVINGS DEPOSIT CO.

SIXTH AND MARKET STS.  
Wilmington, Del.

Prompt &amp; Efficient Service

Latest and Best Methods

—in—

Banking

Administration of Estates

Management of Real Estate

Storage of Valuables

CAPITAL.... \$500,000  
SURPLUS.... \$500,000

**Don't Throw Your Old Shoes away**

Bring them to me, I will make  
them look and wear like new

MEN'S HALF SOLES 50c

Ladies' &amp; Boys' Half Soles 40c

My Work is Strictly Guaranteed

**L. FROOMKIN**

Kates' Old Stand, East Main St.  
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

**CHIROPODY****MRS. JAMES**

Corn, bunions, ingrowing nail or any  
affections of the feet antiseptically and  
painlessly treated by graduate chiropodist.  
Also Shampooing, manicuring and Scalp  
Treatment. Hair Combing made up in  
the latest style.  
HIGH STREET, ODESSA, DEL.

For  
**NEAT and BEST**  
**JOB WORK**

Apply to This Office

**SLAUGHTER AT CHARLEROI  
IS GREATEST IN HISTORY**

By FRANKLIN P. MERRICK.

International News Service.  
Paris.—Burned villages and heaps of  
bodies lying on Belgian soil around  
Charleroi show the ferocity with which  
the allied French and British troops  
opposed the wave of German troops  
that rolled them over and drove them  
back to France.

For ten hours the tide of battle  
ebbed and flowed at Charleroi, the  
town being taken and retaken five  
times before the allies withdrew.

Part of the city was wrecked, ac-  
cording to reports received by the war  
office. The villages of Marchiennes,  
Monceau, Chatelet and Landelles were  
burned.

**Citizens Killed.**

Though the inhabitants of the peace-  
ful little villages had been warned  
that the conflict was coming, scores  
remained in their homes and perished  
in the flames or were killed under the  
rain of shot and shell that swept the  
streets when they were driven from the  
shattered structures.

Fierce hand to hand fighting took  
place in Charleroi. The French were  
the first to occupy the town, but they  
were driven out by a bombardment  
from the German artillery. The Ger-  
mans then entered by the left bank  
of the river Sambre, but within a  
short time more of the allies' troops  
arrived and the conflict was renewed.  
The Germans sought cover in the  
houses in the lower part of the town  
and to dislodge them the French  
were forced to sweep that section with  
their artillery.

**Wounded Fill Town.**

The lower part of the town was soon  
in flames and the Germans were  
forced into the streets. Back and forth  
through these surged the contesting  
soldiers, fighting desperately for vic-  
tory. The dead lay thick when the  
French were finally forced to with-  
draw.

For three days wounded soldiers  
have been pouring into Maubeuge.  
The monastery and nunnery there are  
filled. The inhabitants have given  
up their homes to the war's victims.

On Sunday the Germans drove the  
French troops through the town of  
Charleroi, back to the second de-  
fensive position on the line defined by  
the towns of Avesnes, Rocroi and Me-  
zieres.

**Recaptured by French.**

The French artillery from the  
heights now turned a furious cannon-  
ading on Charleroi, which had been  
bombarded previously by the Germans  
from the other side. The German po-  
sition was so weakened by the deadly  
accuracy of the French gunnery that a  
counter attack by the allies was or-  
dered and at daylight on Monday the  
entire line advanced, charged the Ger-  
man position and recaptured Charleroi.

The conflict probably was unequalled  
in history in severity and casualties.  
The Germans must have succeeded in  
bringing up reserves, for early on  
Tuesday they made a successful counter  
attack along the whole battle line  
and retook Charleroi, driving the  
French back to an entrenched position,  
which they held until the morning of  
the second day.

**Retreat in Good Order.**

The retreat was made in good or-  
der, the main forces of the French re-  
maining intact.

Both armies suffered terrific losses.  
The battle has not yet finished.

The German catapult is hammering  
at the French and British allies again,  
trying to batter its relentless way to  
Paris. There is desperate fighting  
along the Belgian frontier at several  
points, and French victories are re-  
ported at two places, Charleroi and  
Courtrai, though nothing official has  
been given out.

**Turcos Charge Battery.**

At the beginning of the combat, the  
French made a sortie in a medieval  
manner, with the object of surprising  
the enemy. The latter were found in  
number far exceeding the French ex-  
pectations, and the attempt to rout  
them failed.

Then the Turcos, in the face of a  
withering fire, charged a German bat-  
tery at the point of the bayonet. Five  
hundred of these brave French sol-  
diers from North Africa left on the  
charge. Only 100 returned.

Their sortie had no effect against  
the steady German advance, which  
continued to creep step by step  
through the outskirts of Charleroi.

Before the railway station the Ger-  
mans fought for two hours in an effort  
to capture the bridge. Their losses  
were enormous, but the bridge was  
captured.

**French Beaten Rapidly.**

After the Teutonic advance over-  
whelmed the bridge, the Germans  
gained ground rapidly, taking in suc-  
cession the villages of Marchiennes,  
Landelles and Montignies and the coun-  
try as far as Walcourt.

Later the French artillery opened  
fire on Charleroi and the French in-  
fantry advanced under this cover. The  
tide of battle appeared to favor the  
tricolor, but not for long.

French infantrymen declared the  
roofs became so jammed with dead  
that the victims of battle remained  
standing where they were shot, and  
were used by the living as breast-  
works from behind which to fire on  
the enemy.

The last stand of the French was  
along the line between Thuin and Met-  
tet.

At nightfall the fighting ended, both  
sides tired beyond endurance. Mon-  
day morning the French returned to  
the attack, entering the town in the

**BULLETS CAUSE NO  
PAIN, SAY FRENCH**

Paris.—Numbers of French wound-  
ed are being cared for in Paris hos-  
pitals.

It is frequently remarked among  
the men that their bullet wounds are  
not painful. In a large number of  
cases men who had been hit were not  
aware of the fact until after the en-  
gagement. One man declares that he  
did not know he had been hurt until

face of a withering fire from machine  
guns mounted in the steeples, and  
driving the German defenders in con-  
fusion across the river Sambre.

Many Houses in Flames.  
They found many houses smoldering  
or in flames. The inhabitants, terror-  
stricken, were in the cellars. German  
officers and soldiers were found dead  
in the streets, side by side with  
Frenchmen who had fallen before or  
afterward.

One German officer was shot while  
he was washing his face, and his head  
was bowed over a basin, while his  
face was covered with soap.

Another had been lifting a cup of  
coffee to his lips when a French bul-  
let brought death. He was found ly-  
ing face downward across a table, the  
broken cup beside him on the floor.

German Losses Enormous.  
An idea of the enormous losses of  
the Germans in the great battle in  
southwestern Belgium and of the brave-  
ry of the Kaiser's soldiers is given in  
the story of a returned traveler who  
witnessed part of the fighting along  
the Sambre river, southwest of Charle-  
roi.

"I was near Perwez, in a region  
covered with dense woods, while the  
fighting was taking place," said he. "I  
could hear the sound of cannon away  
to the east and knew that a big battle  
was raging. From my place in the  
forest I suddenly saw the advance  
guard of a German army approach-  
ing along a roadway which skirted the  
trees.

"There seemed to be an endless pro-  
cession of soldiers, all dressed in a  
uniform of gray. Rank after rank  
passed by and I thought that the end  
would never come.

"There was no hesitation. The men  
swung forward with quick steps and  
I saw officers galloping along the lines  
urging them forward.

French Open Fire.  
"Suddenly there was a fresh sound  
of battle, this time in front of me and  
I knew that the French artillery had  
opened upon the advance guard of  
the Germans. I moved cautiously for-  
ward to a point where I could get a  
view of the battle scene. It was a  
view which seared itself into my mem-  
ory.

"The French guns were hurling a  
hurricane of steel and flame into the  
German ranks, but the soldiers pushed  
forward with their battle shouts on  
their lips. Straight into that pit of  
destruction rushed the advancing  
troops. Men fell on every hand. It  
seemed that whole platoons melted  
away.

"Over the bodies of the dead and  
wounded pushed the rear ranks of  
the invading army, rushing with fixed  
bayonets upon the smoking muzzles  
of the French artillery. It was a su-  
perb picture of gallantry.

Aeroplane is Smashed.  
"Near Erquennes I saw a German  
aeroplane brought down. The mili-  
tary aviator was flying high in the  
air, taking a reconnaissance of the al-  
lies' positions. The specially construct-  
ed guns, designed to attack air craft,  
were turned upon the aeroplane, but  
the aviator continued his work. Sud-  
denly I saw the machine lurch, spin-  
ners flew, and then the shattered ma-  
chine began to drop. It had been  
smashed by a projectile."

GERMANS DRAG GUNS  
OVER THEIR OWN DEAD  
London.—The correspondent of the  
Daily Mail describes a visit among the  
French who were wounded in the bat-  
tles of the Vosges and have been  
brought to Vichy, where the hotels  
have been transformed into hospitals.  
A wounded artilleryman contributed  
the following experience:  
"I witnessed one horrible scene. The  
Germans were shooting from the deep  
trenches among which our artillery  
was doing terrible work. But as fast  
as a German dropped a fresh man  
took his place until bodies of the Ger-  
mans were on a level with the surface  
of the earthworks.

"At this moment a German battery  
was ordered to advance. The heavy  
wheels sank in the trench, but the  
drivers furiously lashed their horses  
and finally dragged the guns across  
the human bridge."

WHAT PRISONERS  
OF WAR WILL EAT

The following scale of daily rations  
for prisoners of war has been ap-  
proved by the military authorities:  
One pound of bread, three-quarters  
of a pound of biscuit, one pound of  
preserved meat, three ounces of  
cheese, five-eighths of an ounce of  
tea, one-quarter of a pound of jam,  
three ounces of sugar, one-half of an  
ounce of salt, one-twentieth of an  
ounce of mustard, one-thirty-sixth of  
an ounce of pepper, one-half of a  
pound of fresh vegetables.

Two ounces of tobacco will be fur-  
nished each week for smokers.

Germans Made Stone Deaf.  
London.—A medical correspondent  
of the Times who has just returned  
from Belgium says it is morally cer-  
tain that all the artillerymen of the  
forts at Liege are now stone deaf.

"The nerves of hearing must fall un-  
der the strain of dwelling upwards of  
a fortnight in a world of mighty ex-  
plosions," he says. "For these men the  
guns thunder now only in a silence  
which may never be broken."

The following scale of daily rations  
for prisoners of war has been ap-  
proved by the military authorities:  
One pound of bread, three-quarters  
of a pound of biscuit, one pound of  
preserved meat, three ounces of  
cheese, five-eighths of an ounce of  
tea, one-quarter of a pound of jam,  
three ounces of sugar, one-half of an  
ounce of salt, one-twentieth of an  
ounce of mustard, one-thirty-sixth of  
an ounce of pepper, one-half of a  
pound of fresh vegetables.

Two ounces of tobacco will be fur-  
nished each week for smokers.

Germans Made Stone Deaf.  
London.—A medical correspondent  
of the Times who has just returned  
from Belgium says it is morally cer-  
tain that all the artillerymen of the  
forts at Liege are now stone deaf.

"The nerves of hearing must fall un-  
der the strain of dwelling upwards of  
a fortnight in a world of mighty ex-  
plosions," he says. "For these men the  
guns thunder now only in a silence  
which may never be broken."

The following scale of daily rations  
for prisoners of war has been ap-  
proved by the military authorities:  
One pound of bread, three-quarters  
of a pound of biscuit, one pound of  
preserved meat, three ounces of  
cheese, five-eighths of an ounce of  
tea, one-quarter of a pound of jam,  
three ounces of sugar, one-half of an  
ounce of salt, one-twentieth of an  
ounce of mustard, one-thirty-sixth of  
an ounce of pepper, one-half of a  
pound of fresh vegetables.

Two ounces of tobacco will be fur-  
nished each week for smokers.

Germans Made Stone Deaf.  
London.—A medical correspondent  
of the Times who has just returned  
from Belgium says it is morally cer-  
tain that all the artillerymen of the  
forts at Liege are now stone deaf.

"The nerves of hearing must fall un-  
der the strain of dwelling upwards of  
a fortnight in a world of mighty ex-  
plosions," he says. "For these men the  
guns thunder now only in a silence  
which may never be broken."

The following scale of daily rations  
for prisoners of war has been ap-  
proved by the military authorities:  
One pound of bread, three-quarters  
of a pound of biscuit, one pound of  
preserved meat, three ounces of  
cheese, five-eighths of an ounce of  
tea, one-quarter of a pound of jam,  
three ounces of sugar, one-half of an  
ounce of salt, one-twentieth of an  
ounce of mustard, one-thirty-sixth of  
an ounce of pepper, one-half of a  
pound of fresh vegetables.

Two ounces of tobacco will be fur-  
nished each week for smokers.

**DAIRY  
FACTS****DEHORNING THE YOUNG BULL**

Animals Are Made Less Combative  
and Are Easier Controlled—Time  
for the Operation.

The practice of dehorning heifer  
calves with caustic potash is becoming  
more popular all the time and the big  
majority of dairymen are feeling that  
the dairy cow has no right to carry  
round a pair of horns. Perhaps the  
bulls will continue to wear horns, ow-  
ing to a suspicion that a dehorned bull  
is not as virile a one as nature made  
him, though it seems to be quite firm-  
ly believed among many breeders that  
the horns do no good and that no bull  
ought to be allowed to wear them.

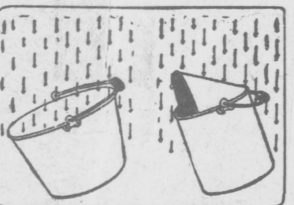
However, the practice when hor-  
less bulls are desired, is different than  
with heifers, according to the opinion  
of one pure bred dairyman, who wants  
no horns on the bulls he keeps. He  
uses the potash on the horns of his  
heifer calves, but permits those of the  
bulls to grow normally until the time  
when they begin to develop the bull  
temperament pretty strongly, at which  
time he uses a dehorner. This makes  
the bulls less combative and easier  
controlled.

If the potash is successfully used,  
the bull temperament develops as us-  
ual and nothing can be done to quiet  
his disposition. He will be as dan-  
gerous as he otherwise would be ex-  
cept for the slightly lessened ability  
to do damage; while the bull whose  
horns developed, but were removed,  
will be like the other in not having  
horns to do damage, and in addition  
by their removal will be made of a  
more peaceful disposition. In brief,  
if a bull calf is not going to be per-  
mitted to wear horns when he grows  
up, he will have a better disposition,  
of the horns are let to grow and then  
removed than if they are never al-  
lowed to start.

**SWEET MILK DURING SUMMER**

To Keep Out the Dust Stretch Piece of  
Cheese Cloth Across Stall and  
Milk Through It.

Bacteria are the sole cause of the  
souring of milk, and it is when the  
weather grows warm that bacteria find  
living conditions which just suit them.  
To get as few bacteria as possible in  
the milk wash the cow's udder before  
milking. The milker's hands and the  
pail should be thoroughly clean. Keep



Two Kinds of Milk Pails.

out the dust. To do this some dairy-  
men go so far as to stretch cheese  
cloth across the pail and milk through  
that, says Missouri Valley Farmer. A  
covered pail is a help. Immediately  
after milking strain the milk from the  
pail through three thicknesses of  
cheese cloth, then put it in a cool place  
and keep it cool until the cream rises.  
The sooner the milk is cooled after  
being taken from the cow the longer it  
will remain sweet.

**RAISE GOOD HEIFER CALVES**

Many Farmers Do Not Realize What  
an Excellent Market There is for  
a Good Cow.

It is surprising that so many farm-  
ers do not raise their good heifer  
calves. It must be that they do not  
know what a fine market there is for  
a good cow. Well-bred grade heifers  
are bringing good prices and pure  
bred stock have a ready sale at what  
might be called high prices. In both  
cases the demand is greater than  
the supply.

There is another way to look at  
this matter; in the raising of these  
calves you find a good way to market  
your surplus feed. You can get a good  
price through this channel besides  
paying for your time and trouble. Fig-  
ure out the cost of raising a good  
heifer calf on your farm, what kind  
of a price she will bring at two years,  
and you will see the profit there is in  
it.

**Mature Young Cows Best.**

In the purchase of cows for the  
dairy it is better to buy those that are  
about four years of age rather than  
younger. By that time the real ability  
of the cow to produce milk will have  
manifested itself. In the six years  
following that age the cow will pro-  
duce her maximum yield of milk and  
will produce the strongest and best  
calves.

**Trying Season for Cows.**

One of the most trying seasons of  
the year for the dairy cow is the lat-  
ter part of summer and early fall. At  
this season the pastures are often  
short or dried up, and in such cases  
it is a common mistake of dairymen  
to let their cows drop off in flow of  
milk through lack of feed. Later they  
find it impossible to restore the milk  
flow, no matter how the cows are fed.

**Far-Sighted Dairymen.**

The far-sighted dairymen has pro-  
vided himself with a series of soiling  
crops to be used during the dry season  
when pastures will inevitably be short.

**Wet Coop Is Unhealthy.**

All chicken coops and hen houses  
should have tight roofs so that they  
will be dry during the hardest rain. A  
wet coop or house is unhealthy.

**Silo Is Best Solution.**

The silo is the best solution of the  
problem of short pastures.

**Tires at  
Before-War Prices****Goodyear Prices**

It is Folly Today to Pay More

30 x 3 Plain Tread	\$11.70
30 x 3 1/2 " "	15.75
34 x 4 " "	24.35
36 x 4 1/2 " "	35.00
37 x 5 " "	41.95

There exists now a new, compelling  
reason for buying Goodyear tires. It re-  
sults from war conditions.

These leading tires—built of extra-fine  
rubber, in the same way as always—are  
selling today at June prices.

You will find today a very wide difference  
between most tire prices and Goodyears.

**Due to Quick Action**

Early in August—when war began—the  
world's rubber markets seemed closed to us.  
Rubber prices doubled almost overnight.

Men could see no way to pay for rubber  
abroad, and no way to bring it in. We, like  
others—in that panic—were forced to higher  
prices. But we have since gone back to prices  
we charged before the war, and this is how  
we did it:

We had men in London and Singapore when  
the war broke out. The larger part of the  
world's rubber supply comes through there.  
We called them to buy up the pick of the rub-  
ber. They bought—before the advance—1,500-  
000 pounds of the finest rubber there.

Nearly all this is now on the way to us.  
And it means practically all of the extra-grade  
rubber obtainable abroad.

Today we have our own men in Colombo,  
Singapore and Para. Those are the world's  
chief sources of rubber. So we are pretty well  
assured of a constant supply, and our pick of  
the best that's produced.

We were first on the ground. We were quick-  
est in action. As a result, we shall soon have in

storage an almost record supply of this extra  
grade of rubber.

And we paid about June prices.

**Now Inferior Grades Cost Double**

About the only crude rubber available now  
for many makers is inferior. In ordinary times,  
the best tire makers refuse it. Much of it had  
been rejected. But that "off rubber" now sells  
for much more than we paid for the best.

The results are these:

Tire prices in general are far in advance of  
Goodyears. And many tire makers, short of  
supplies, will be forced to use second-grade  
rubber.

**Be Careful Now**

In Goodyears we pledge you the same grade  
tire as always. And that grade won for Good-  
years the top place in Tiredom—the largest sale  
in the world.

And, for the time being, our prices are the  
same as before the war. We shall try to keep  
them there.

We accept no excessive orders, but dealers  
will be kept supplied. And we charge them,  
until further notice, only ante-bellum prices.

That means that Goodyears—the best  
tires built—are selling way below other tires.

**GOODYEAR**  
AKRON, OHIO

**No-Rim-Cut Tires**

With All-Weather Treads or Smooth

**REWARDS OF VALOR****Crosses of Honor Will Be Won in the European War.**

England, France and Germany Be-  
stow These Testimonials of Deeds  
of Daring Performed by Of-  
ficers or Privates.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—Some of the soldiers  
of England, France and Germany in  
the present war unquestionably will  
win the crosses of honor which are the  
most coveted decorations which gov-  
ernments give for acts of conspicuous  
personal gallantry in the face of the  
enemy.

To Americans perhaps the French  
Cross of the Legion of Honor and the  
Victoria Cross of England are more  
familiarly known than are the decorations  
given by Germany. In the  
United States we have the Congres-  
sional Medal of Honor which is given striking exhibitions of heroism have

by congress for individual deeds of dar-  
ing in the field. The intrinsic value  
of any of these badges is about one  
cent, and yet for the privilege of wear-  
ing



# WINCHESTER



## Rifles For All Kinds of Hunting.

Winchester rifles are not the choice of any one special class, but of all intelligent sportsmen who go to the woods, the plains, or the mountains in quest of game. They are designed to handle all calibers and types of cartridges, to meet the requirements of all kinds of shooting, and can always be counted on to shoot where they are pointed when the trigger is pulled. Winchester rifles and Winchester cartridges are made for one another.

FREE: Send name and address on a post card for our large illustrated catalogue. WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

## Makes Your Baby Comfortable

Watch baby grow after a dose of Dr. FAHRNEY'S TEething SYRUP. You want no better recommendation. Other mothers tell the same tale. Have it handy if you want to prevent Cholera Infantum and cure all infant complaints. Best for bowel troubles. Can be given to babies one day old. Costs 25 cents. All druggists sell it. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DR. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, Md.

### Advance Notice.

At the club the other night a member of the seventh regiment found himself the center of a group who were discussing the likelihood of an invasion of Mexico by the National Guard. Cheerful remarks about the penetrative powers of Mauser bullets peppered about him. Everybody had kindly suggestions to make—such, for instance, as that a medal neatly adjusted over each bullet hole would make him look as good as new. The victim took it very well.

"I'd like to contribute just one remark to this discussion," he said. "If I'm reported shot in the back, remember that I may have turned around to encourage my men."—New York Call.

**Snakes Take to War.** Too. Hearing a crashing in the bush near his camp at Collegeville, Pa., Richard A. Smith saw a monster blacksnake and a rattler in each other's death coils. As the rattler began to weaken in the tussle, its mate, equally large, went to the rescue. Smith cudgeled the warring serpents, whereat they transformed themselves into a "triple entente" and went at him. A farmer's timely assistance saved Smith from ignominious flight. The blacksnake was six feet long and the rattlers averaged four feet.

**Perhaps Too Realistic.** A well-known theatrical manager was watching his stage manager drill some "supers" who were to represent an army.

"Not a bit like it!" he exclaimed. "Why don't you try to look like real soldiers?"

The stage manager approached him. "They are real soldiers!" he whispered.

**ELIXIR BABEK A GOOD TONIC** And Drives Malaria Out of the System. "Your Babek acts like magic; I have given it to numerous people in my private practice suffering with chills, malaria and fever. I recommend it to those who are suffering and in need of a good tonic!"—Rev. S. Synnott, St. Stephen's Church, Perth Amboy, N. J. Elixir Babek, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Ricebrook & Co., Washington, D. C.

**Befitting Punishment.** Edith—The wretch! So he actually proposed to both of us! Oh, I wish we could think of some way to punish him!

Madge—We can; you marry him, dear.

**Preferring His Suit.** Cynthia—Oh, Tom, think of coming to ask papa's consent in such shabby clothes!

Tom—That's all right—I had one suit ruined.—Judge.

**YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU** Why Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. It soothes, soothes, soothes. Write for Book of the Eye Remedy by mail free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Lucky is the fool man who manages to get a sensible wife.

## Water Is Good Medicine

Many people who have weak kidneys fail to appreciate how much water can do for them—but while it is good to drink water freely, it must be pure water. In many sections, the lime or alkaline water starts kidney trouble of itself.

Doan's Kidney Pills are a most reliable remedy for weak kidneys. When backache or urinary disorders first appear, take Doan's and be sure to assist the kidneys by drinking plenty of pure water. Prompt treatment will save the danger of gravel, gout, rheumatism.

Doan's Kidney Pills are successfully used all over the civilized world and publicly recommended by thousands.

### A Maryland Case.

Joseph A. White, upholsterer in naval academy, 64 Cornhill St., Annapolis, Md., says: "I had rheumatic pains through my back and shoulders and even in my fingers. My kidneys acted too freely and the secretions were painful in passage and filled with sediment. As soon as I used Doan's Kidney Pills, I felt better and my kidneys got normal. I give Doan's Kidney Pills all the credit for my cure."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

## Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ill health has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At druggists, 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Wanted Salesman and district managers sell Paxtine. Salaries, \$500 to \$1000 per month. Schenckel-Welding Machine Works, Wapahong, O.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 35-1914.

## MARYLAND

### AT ANNAPOLIS

#### NEW BOARD APPOINTED.

Hanna, Wagaman and Higgins To Administer Compensation Act.

The appointments of John B. Hanna, of Harford county; Charles D. Wagaman, of Washington county, and James Higgins, of Baltimore city, as the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board were announced by Governor Goldsborough at Cambridge.

Mr. Hanna was designated as chairman of the board and given the six-year term; Mr. Wagaman was given the four-year term and Mr. Higgins the two-year. The latter is a Democrat, the others Republicans. Under the provision of the Workmen's Compensation act the chairman receives a salary of \$6,000 and the associates \$5,000 each, \$3,000 of each salary being paid by the State and the balance by Baltimore city. The legality of the city's payment is being tested in the courts by City Solicitor Field, who contends that it is unconstitutional. If Mr. Field wins each of the three members will be paid \$3,000.

The appointments end a discussion and fight that has been going on since the first of May, about four months.

#### COSTET IN THE WAR.

Naval Academy Instructor Fighting For France.

Annapolis.—According to reliable information here, Prof. Gaston Costet, a native of France, but now a naturalized citizen of America, who holds a position as instructor in the department of modern languages at the Naval Academy, has been impressed into the service by the French War Office. Prof. Costet was in Paris at the outbreak of the war, having left here in July for his summer vacation.

At the Naval Academy officials said they have heard from Prof. Costet, saying that he cannot now come back to this country. Any official news of his having been made to enter the French Army has not been received, it is said. However, semi-official admissions here are to the effect he is now in the army of his mother country.

#### DR. HENKEL NOT GUILTY.

Charge Of Selling Test Questions Not Sustained.

Dr. Louis B. Henkel, Jr., was acquitted of the charge of selling examination questions to applicants for admission to the medical profession. Dr. Henkel was a member of the State Board of Medical Examiners and was accused of selling the test questions in 1913, a year after his term expired. The report of the committee who investigated the charge was accepted by the Anne Arundel County Medical Society. The first vote of the society was eight to six for acquittal. The acquittal was afterward made unanimous.

#### Would Go To State Convention.

The time limit for filing certificates of candidacy for the primary election to be held in September expired last Tuesday. In addition to the certificates of the candidates for United States Senator and Congressman from the Fifth district, the following candidates for delegates to the State convention of the Democratic and Republican parties filed certificates with the supervisors of election.

Democratic—William M. Crisp, Brooklyn; John G. Friedhofer, Severn; Alton R. Arnold, Revell; Dr. George Wells, Annapolis; and Alfred H. Perrie, McKendree. Republican—John A. Russell, Dr. John Ridout, Travers T. Brown, Annapolis; J. Albert, colored, Annapolis, and Daniel Neal, colored, Lothian.

#### TOLD IN SHORT ORDER.

A noiseless bowling alley is a French novelty, one having been invented in Paris in which the clash of falling pins is silenced.

The opening of a new railroad in German East Africa early next year will help to develop 334,000 square miles of territory.

Coal orders aggregating 450,000 tons for the Russian southern state railways and 120,000 tons for the Russian northern state railways have been placed.

In New York city a certificate is issued to all moving-picture theatres which are properly ventilated, and the public is asked to patronize only those which display the certificate.

The classification of the stellar spectra as being carried on by Harvard University, is a vast one, entailing the investigation and recording of 200,000 stars.

The average weekly pay in Belgium of mechanics, machinists and tool makers is 35 francs (\$6.75), helpers 20 francs (\$3.86), and usually time-and-a-half pay for overtime. The workday is 10 hours, 6 days a week. If a mechanic loses an hour or more on account of sickness, lateness, etc., it is the custom to deduct it from his pay.

George Johannes, a government employe at Washington, received a check from the Treasury for 1 cent, that being the amount out of which he had cheated himself when in another department, through an error in his accounts.

The rotary drilling system that has been successfully employed in American oil fields has been introduced into the Caucasus.

Turkey last year produced 25,000 bags of snary seed.

## INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

### LESSON FOR SEPTEMBER 6

#### THE GREAT COMMANDMENTS.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 12:28-34. GOLDEN TEXT—"Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself." Luke 10:27.

This lesson considers a third question asked of our Lord; two others in this connection we studied last week. It was not so much a question of placing one commandment in competition with another, but rather which commandment most clearly epitomizes or reveals the final principle in law. It was the business of this scribe to know the law and to interpret the commandments. Jesus in his reply quotes from Deut. 5:4, and from Lev. 19:18, which are both in a sense an exposition of the Decalogue.

#### Love the Gods.

I. The answer of Jesus, vv. 28-34. The scribe's question seemed to be quite specific and so the Lord strikes at once at the heart and by his quotation reveals to us the fact that the principle which is the inspiration of the law is that of love. In passing we have here another illustration of the master's ready use and knowledge of the Scripture. Jesus makes a four-fold summary. Man must love God with (a) the heart, a. g., in sincerity and uprightness; (b) with the soul, with the warmth of the emotions, and the feelings; (c) "with all thy mind," the intellect, not as a blind devotee; (d) with "strength," viz., with intensity of service, with energy.

"To love God with all the heart and soul and mind and strength is to have supreme desire for and delight in God's glory, making everything else second to that." This statement is but half, for the complement of our love of God is to love man. Man is created in God's image was "so loved" by God that he gave his own life for him; man can do no less and must express that love in service to others. To fail in the first is to break the greatest of the commandments and therefore to be guilty of all. Rom. 3:23. Notice the order is not man then God, but God first. First in business, in social life, in pleasure, in everything, and not to do so is sin. The similarity of these two is in that the same principle of love governs in both cases. From I John 4:20, 21, it would seem that the second is really involved in the first. If we love God whom we have not seen we must love men whom we have seen and who are made in the image and likeness of God. This scribe readily saw that spiritual worship is the very essence of the answer of Christ. This is also the teaching of the Old Testament, see I Samuel 15:22. Church going, psalm singing, saying prayers, or even reading the Bible are not a substitute for love, either to God or man. We are justified in God's sight by our faith, but in the sight of man by our works. Many who profess to be Christians do not seem to manifest as clear a moral and spiritual discernment as this scribe for they place a greater emphasis upon doing rather than being, upon works rather than upon service. Worship and service must go hand in hand. As this scribe recognized this truth he confessed his recognition with candor and earnestness.

#### Human and Deity.

II. The question of Jesus, vv. 35-37. Our Lord's question in return was a Messianic one and he grounds his argument on the 110th Psalm, a Messianic one. Jesus is inferior to David as his son according to the flesh but superior to him as lord of the kingdom of which David himself is a subject and not the sovereign. Christ is both human and deity; his kingdom is spiritual and earthly sovereigns are honored if they are his subjects.

III. The teaching of Jesus, vv. 38-40. The word "doctrine" in verse 38 is translated "teaching" in the revision. These words of warning are full of solemn significance. The scribes, and they have their imitators today, sought the places of preferment, the seats of honor in the synagogue and the chief places at the feasts. The motive that governed them was a selfish one. They devoured widows' houses, and sought to cover their covetousness and dishonesty by long prayers and a pretense of piety. This brought upon them the "greater condemnation," Matt. 23:23. Law and love is here again in contrast. Law must become life.

IV. The view of Jesus, vv. 41-44. Jesus had one look of love and compassion for his friends and the needy and another that was exceedingly terrible for his enemies. Thus it was as a master teacher that he saw right at hand an illustration for his lesson, an application of the truth in the case of the widow who gave out of her penury and because of her love for God, supporting these carping, selfish scribes. She had two mites (about fourth-fifths of a cent) and might have withheld one except that the rabbis forbade the offering of a single one. Her love, however, went beyond the "tenth" and she gave "all," therefore in proportion to their means she "cast more than they all," see II Cor. 8:12. Offerings are needed still for the Lord's work. Jesus is "over against the treasure" and "sees" who it is that "casts in" how much they cast and the motive behind the gift. The master's standard of a commendable offering is not according to our superfluity, but our deficiency, not what will be missed but what of sacrifice and in proportion thereto. Not to please man, but God. Read II Cor. 8:1-3. Our Lord's valuation of gifts cast into the treasury remains for all time the true standard of measurement.

## WHISTLE AS BUSINESS CALL

Blind Newspaper Seller Has Educated His Patrons to Wait for and Recognize the Sound.

There is a totally blind man in Worcester, England, who has adopted a novel method of disposing of local newspapers. He walks up and down the various roads continuously blowing a whistle, which gives a distinctive sound. Residents, on hearing the whistle, send their children to purchase a paper from "Blind Charlie," as he is familiarly called. His name is Gardner, and he has been blind since boyhood.

He knows his papers by "feel," and is quite competent with change. One day someone knowingly or unknowingly tried to palm off a bad expense on him, but "Blind Charlie" was not "having any," as people say.

In a very real sense this man may be said to whistle for his living.

## BUMPS ITCHED ON BODY

Route No. 3, Cooper, Texas.—"I was taken with an itching and my whole body got covered with little red bumps. It would itch till I would scratch the blood out of my skin and then it was just like fire. I could not sleep at night until I got Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I would bathe in warm water with Cuticura Soap and then put on the Cuticura Ointment and I got well quick. Two weeks from the time I commenced to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment I was sound and well and I have not been bothered since."

"My baby had a breaking out on his ear and behind it and he would claw the skin off. It spread and his little ear was nearly rotted off. I washed it good with the Cuticura Soap and then put on the Cuticura Ointment and they healed it up." (Signed) Mrs. Mary Boles, Jan. 28, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 22-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

#### H. G. Wells on America.

I came to America balancing between hope and skepticism. The European view is full of the criticism of America; and, for the matter of that, America, too, is full of it; hostility and depreciation prevail—overmuch, for, in spite of rawness and vehemence and a scum of blatant, oh! quite asinine folly, the United States of America remains the greatest country in the world and the living hope of mankind. It is the supreme break with the old tradition; it is the freshest and most valiant beginning that has ever been made in human life.—From "The Passionate Friends."

#### Bound to Kick, Anyway.

Hargis was lying on the couch very ill. The servant in the next room knocked down some dishes with a tremendous clatter. Hargis' nerves were quite unstrung and he called out in a rage:

"I suppose you have broken all the plates?"

"No," replied the servant meekly, "there isn't one broken."

"Well, then," growled the enraged invalid, "why did you make all that noise for nothing?"—Everybody's Magazine.

#### Merely Curiosity.

"Did you call for the police?" asked the officer as he came up "out of breath."

"Yes," replied Farmer Cornstossel. "How be ye?"

"What's the idea? Is anything wrong?"

"Not a thing. I've read so much about you folks in the paper that I thought I'd like to see how one of you really looks."

#### Longing for Winter.

"Don't you long for cool weather?" "I do. Honestly, I could do Christmas shopping without growling."

## DOCTOR WU AS MATCHMAKER

Celestial Diplomat Tells of Success He Had in Bringing Together Two Fond Hearts.

"Once I was an involuntary matchmaker," says Wu Ting Fang in a reminiscent chapter of his book, "America Through the Spectacles of an Oriental Diplomat." Some years ago, during my first mission in Washington, I was invited to attend the wedding of the daughter of the chief justice of the Supreme court. When I entered the breakfast room, I saw the bridesmaids and a number of young men.

"Going up to one of the bridesmaids, whom I had previously met, and who was the daughter of a senator, I asked her when it would be her turn to become a bride. She modestly said that she did not know, as she had not yet had an offer. Turning to the group of young men who were in the room, I jocularly remarked to one of them: 'This is a beautiful lady. Would you not like to marry her?' He replied: 'I shall be most delighted to.' Then I said to the young lady: 'Will you accept his offer?' She seemed slightly embarrassed, and said something to the effect that as she did not know the gentleman, she could not give a definite answer.

"After a few days I met the young lady at an 'At Home' party, when she scolded me for being so blunt with her before the young man. I told her I was actuated by the best of motives. A few months later I received an invitation from the young lady's parents, asking me to be present at the wedding of their daughter. I thought I would go and find out whether the bridegroom was the young man whom I had introduced to the young lady, and as soon as I entered the house, the mother of the bride, to my agreeable surprise, informed me that it was I who had first brought the young couple together, and both the bride and the bridegroom heartily thanked me for my good offices."—Youth's Companion.

#### In the Summertime.

"Married men at this season have a pale, seedy look, a worried look and their eyes tend to be dull and blood-shot."

The speaker was Dr. George Cust Clayton, the Pittsburgh sociologist. He resumed:

"When the wife is away the man will play, you know. One of these pale, red-eyed men said to me yesterday over his pick-me-up luncheon of chopped onions, pickled herring and dark beer:

"I've got to steady down, even though my wife won't be back from the country till next week."

"Yes," said I. "Yes? How so?"

"The pace and the neighbors," he explained, "are beginning to tell."

Chicago Herald.

#### His War Prophecy in Bible.

While looking over books belonging to the family, George Fletcher of Gillett, near here, found written in an old Bible in the handwriting of his father, William Fletcher, 22 years ago a prophecy which says, in part: "In the year 1914 there will be wars in every corner of the earth."

William Fletcher was a learned man, and based his prophecy on calculations made through a study of the Bible.—Towanda (Pa.) Dispatch to Philadelphia Record.

#### No Wonder.

"Ghosts? Why of course there are ghosts," said Simeon Ford at a hotel men's banquet in New York. "Churchyards are full of ghosts."

"And no wonder churchyards are full of them. After he's been kicked and cuffed and abused all his life, where is the man whose ghost, especially on these balmy summer evenings, doesn't enjoy a quiet sit down in the moonlight in order to read his epitaph?"

## WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

### May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling, I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.



Another Sufferer Relieved. Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my household now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all suffering women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, R.F.D., No. 1, Hebron, Maine.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

#### Civic Service for Children.

Civic work by children has grown apace and the youngsters have taken effective part in many a "swat the fly" campaign or "cleanup" day. The American Civic association has recently organized a department of Junior Civic leagues under the chairman ship of Maude Van Buren. It aims to develop good citizenship by emphasizing the spirit of civic service and familiarizing the children with the simple municipal ordinances which affect the child's everyday life. Home gardening is promoted by the department.

#### Hobo Diplomacy.

Hungry Hawkins—Do yer mean to say ye got a square meal o' dat sour woman?

Diplomatic Mike—Sure!

Hungry Hawkins—Yer a wonder. How'd yer do it?

Diplomatic Mike—When she opened de door I sez: "Is yer mother at home, miss?"

Real estate dealers wax fat at the expense of men who want the earth.

## Tutt's Pills

enable the dyspeptic to eat whatever he wishes. They cause the food to assimilate and nourish the body, give appetite, and DEVELOP FLESH.

Dr. Tutt Manufacturing Co., New York.

### Don't Suffer with RAY FEVER or ASTHMA

THE VAN REED CO., NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

### Pettit's HELPS Eye SORE EYES Salve

WATSON E. COLEMAN, Washington, D.C. Books free. High test references. Best results.

### PATENTS

AGENTS Quick sales; big profits. Send me for our

time. HENRIOT CO., 11 East Hastings, Baltimore, Md.

## Your Baby's Life

It is more to you than your own. Then why try any other remedy than

## Fletcher's Castoria Unless Your Physician prescribes it?

Remember there is nothing injurious in CASTORIA if it bears the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Sold only in one size bottle, never in bulk, or otherwise; to protect the babies.

The Centaur Company,

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Pres't



